

BEGIN SEPTEMBER 18, 1961

A85

UNDATED DAG REACTION (800) September 18, 1961

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
TRAGIC, DISASTROUS AND TERRIBLE WERE THE WORDS MOST OFTEN USED YESTERDAY (MONDAY) BY LEADERS OF THE WESTERN WORLD TO EXPRESS THEIR FEELINGS ABOUT THE DEATH OF DAG HAMMARSKJOLD IN AN AIRPLANE CRASH IN AFRICA. PRESIDENT KENNEDY, SUMMARIZING THE PLACE WHICH THE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL HAD ACHIEVED IN A WORLD FACING MANY CRISES, SAID "HIS NAME WILL BE TREASURED HIGH AMONG THE PEACE-MAKERS OF HISTORY."

DECLARING MILLIONS OF ALL NATIONALITIES FEEL A PERSONAL LOSS, THE PRESIDENT SAID THE SWEDISH-BORN DIPLOMAT'S "DEDICATION TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND WORLD ORDER THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS WAS TOTAL. HIS CAPACITY FOR WORK TO BRING THIS ABOUT ALREADY IS LEGENDARY."

INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU, ONE OF THE FOREMOST LEADERS OF UNCOMMITTED NATIONS IN EAST-WEST DISPUTES, LAMENTED THE "SPECIAL TRAGEDY" AND SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER IT WAS MERE ACCIDENT OR SOME KIND OF SABOTAGE.

"CONDITIONS IN THE CONGO ARE SUCH THAT ANYTHING CAN HAPPEN," HE EXPLAINED.

MOSCOW BROADCAST NEWS OF THE DEATH WITHOUT COMMENT. BUT AN EAST GERMAN TELEVISION ANNOUNCER SAID HAMMARSKJOLD "DIED A VICTIM OF HIS OWN IMPERIALIST POLICIES." THE ANNOUNCER SAID THE CIRCUMSTANCES WERE MYSTERIOUS. HE ADDED IT WAS REMARKABLE THAT THE CRASH OCCURRED AT A TIME WHEN "COLONIALISTS" WERE WAGING A VIOLENT ATTACK ON HIM FOR HIS ACTION AGAINST KATANGA IN THE CONGO.

THROUGH THE COMMENT OF MANY WESTERN LEADERS RAN A THREAD OF FEAR OF GREAT DANGER FROM THE DEATH OF HAMMARSKJOLD AT A TIME WHEN CONTROVERSY IS RAGING AROUND THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE ACUTE PROBLEMS OF BERLIN AND THE CONGO.

UPPERMOST WAS THE ANTICIPATION OF A NEW EAST-WEST FIGHT OVER CHOICE OF A SUCCESSOR TO THE WORLD'S TOPMOST INTERNATIONAL SERVANT.

BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN, WHO HAS DISPLAYED COOLNESS AND CONCERN TOWARD THE U.N. MOVEMENT TO SUPPRESS THE SECESSIONIST REGIME OF PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE IN KATANGA, THE CONGO, NEVERTHELESS DECLARED "WE ALL MOURN THE LOSS OF A WORLD SERVANT WHO HAS PURSUED HIS DUTY WITH COURAGE, SINGLE-MINDEDNESS AND DEVOTION."

LORD GLADWYN, WHO AS SIR GLADWYN JEBB WAS BRITAIN'S PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, DESCRIBED THE DEATH AS "AN INTERNATIONAL DISASTER." HE REFERRED TO SOVIET EFFORTS TO GET RID OF HAMMARSKJOLD FROM HIS UNITED NATIONS POST AND ADDED:

"NOW THEY HAVE GOT THEIR WAY. THE SECRETARY-GENERAL CANNOT BE REPLACED EXCEPT WITH THE UNANIMOUS CONSENT OF THE FIVE GREAT POWERS, SO WE MAY EXPECT THE WHOLE UNITED NATIONS MACHINE TO RUN DOWN. I HOPE NOT". . .

THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT, WHICH ALSO HAS OBJECTED TO HAMMARSKJOLD'S APPLICATION OF SOME U.N. POLICY DECISIONS IN THE CONGO, ALSO SENT A MESSAGE TO THE UNITED NATIONS DEPLORING HIS DEATH. IT SAID HE HAD DEVOTED HIMSELF TO SERVICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS UP TO "THE SUPREME SACRIFICE."

MANY FRENCHMEN EXPRESSED SHOCK, EVEN THOUGH FRENCH OFFICIALS HAVE BEEN COOL TOWARD THE SECRETARY-GENERAL SINCE THE CLASH AT BIZERTE LAST JULY WHEN THEY FELT HE TOOK THE TUNISIAN SIDE.

THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY LATER EXPRESSED ITS "DEEPEST EMOTION" OVER THE DEATH IN A SIX-LINE ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT OFFICIALLY EXPRESSED ITS "DISMAY AND REGRET."

PREMIER VIGGO KAMPMANN OF DENMARK DECLARED HIS COUNTRY WILL

30.24-1697

GRATITUDE AND ADMIRATION REMEMBER ONE OF THE MEN WHO IN OUR TIME HAS MEANT MOST FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION."

AT THE UNITED NATIONS, ADLAI E. STEVENSON, U.S. AMBASSADOR, DESCRIBED HAMMARSKJOLD AS "A SOLDIER OF PEACE--ONE OF THE GREATEST OF OUR AGE. I HAVE LOST AN ESTEEMED FRIEND AND THE WORLD A GREAT SERVANT. . . DAG HAMMARSKJOLD HAS LEFT HIS IMPRINT FOREVER ON THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND DECENCY AMONG THE NATIONS. HIS VISION, AND THE BRILLIANT LIFE HE GAVE TO IT, WAS HEROIC."

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK SAID THE "WORLD IS SHOCKED BY THE TRAGIC LOSS. . . HIS DEATH IN LINE OF DUTY CALLS FOR FRESH DEDICATION TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE CHARTER AND TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT A TIME WHEN ITS SUCCESS IS OF CRITICAL IMPORTANCE TO THE ENTIRE WORLD."

OMAR LUTFI, CHIEF OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC DELEGATION AT THE U.N. COMMENTED: "WHAT CAN I SAY AT A TIME LIKE THIS? IT IS TRAGIC, TERRIBLY TRAGIC."

CANADIAN FOREIGN SECRETARY HOWARD C. GREEN WAS ANOTHER WHO FOUND HAMMARSKJOLD'S LOSS AS A "TRAGEDY FOR HUMANITY."

THE NATIONALIST CHINESE DELEGATE TINGFU F. TSIANG SAID THE "CAUSE OF PEACE HAS LOST A BRAVE AND VALIANT LEADER."

CANADIAN PRIME MINISTER JOHN DIEFENBAKER SAID THE DEATH WAS A "TRAGIC DAY" IN THE HISTORY OF PEACE.

LORD HOME, BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY, SAID HE WAS APPALLED AT "THE TERRIBLE NEWS" AND AT THE "DREADFUL LOSS TO THE UNITED NATIONS" AND THE WORLD.

HUGH GAITSKELL, LEADER OF THE BRITISH LABOR PARTY, SAID HAMMARSKJOLD "HAD THE MOST DIFFICULT JOB IMAGINABLE AND HE DID IT EXTRAORDINARILY WELL."

BERNARD BARUCH, AN ADVISOR TO PRESIDENTS, WAS AMONG AMERICANS COMMENTING. HE SAID "WE SHALL NEVER BE ABLE TO CALCULATE THE DEBT WE OWE HIM FOR THE INSPIRING AND IMPARTIAL LEADERSHIP HE GAVE THE UNITED NATIONS IN YEARS OF STRESS AND TURMOIL."

THE 50TH INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION CONFERENCE, MEETING IN BRUSSELS WITH REPRESENTATIVES FROM ABOUT 50 COUNTRIES PRESENT, ADJOURNED FOR 45 MINUTES IN A SIGN OF MOURNING.

THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO) PLANNED A COMMEMORATIVE CEREMONY AT ITS PARIS HEAD-QUARTERS ON TUESDAY.

OMER BECU, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONFEDERATION OF FREE TRADE UNIONS, SENT A MESSAGE TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT SAYING "56 MILLION WORKERS IN FREE TRADE UNIONS OF THE WORLD EXPRESS SINCERE, PROFOUND GRIEF."

EUGENE BLACK, PRESIDENT OF THE WORLD BANK, IN A STATEMENT AT VIENNA SPOKE OF THE DEATH AS A "TERRIBLE TRAGEDY" AND AN "IMMEASURABLE LOSS TO MILLIONS."

KING GUSTAV VI AND QUEEN LOUISE OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S NATIVE SWEDEN SAID IN A MESSAGE, "HIS SPLENDID CONTRIBUTIONS AS SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS WILL CERTAINLY FOR ALL THE FUTURE SET AN EXAMPLE THAT CAN NOT EASILY BE SURPASSED."

BRITAIN'S QUEEN ELIZABETH II SAID IN A MESSAGE TO KING GUSTAV: "IT IS A SOURCE OF PARTICULAR SADNESS THAT HE SHOULD HAVE DIED ON BRITISH TERRITORY (NORTHERN RHODESIA), AND ON A MISSION OF PEACE. I KNOW HOW MUCH HE WILL BE MISSED, NOT ONLY IN HIS OWN COUNTRY BUT BY THE WHOLE WORLD."

IRELAND'S PREMIER SEAN LEMASS, WHOSE COUNTRY'S TROOPS ARE AMONG THOSE FIGHTING UNDER THE U.N. COMMAND IN THE CONGO'S KATANGA PROVINCE, SAID IN A MESSAGE TO U.N. HEADQUARTERS:

"IN HIM THE UNITED NATIONS HAS LOST A STAUNCH GUARDIAN OF WORLD PEACE AND A PASSIONATE DEFENDER OF HUMAN LIFE. HIS DEATH AT THIS

FIGURE OF WORLD AFFAIRS WILL BE SORELY FELT BY ALL NATIONS."
JAPANESE FOREIGN MINISTER ZENTARO KOSAKA DESCRIBED HAMMARSKJOLD AS
"A SPLENDID SYMBOL OF SELFLESS DEDICATION TO THE HIGH IDEALS AND
PURPOSES OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

ISRAELI PRIME MINISTER DAVID BEN-GURION SAID THE UNITED NATIONS
"HAS LOST ITS MOST TALENTED AND MOST LOYAL SECRETARY-GENERAL
UPON WHOM ONE OF THE HARDEST AND MOST COMPLICATED TASKS IN THE WORLD
TODAY WAS IMPOSED."

AT A BANQUET IN HIS HONOR AT COLONIAL WILLIAMSBURG TONIGHT
PERUVIAN PRESIDENT DON MANUEL PRADO CALLED THE UN SECRETARY-GENERAL'S
DEATH "A TRAGIC LOSS FOR THE FREE WORLD. HE DIED IN ACTION AS A
TRUE SOLDIER OF PEACE. ON MY OWN BEHALF AND ON BEHALF OF THE
PEOPLE OF PERU I WISH TO PAY MY RESPECTS TO HIS MEMORY."
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A65 (300 UP)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD HAMMARSKJOLD

BY COLIN FROST

NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, SEPT. 18 (AP)—A PLANE CARRYING DAVID
HAMMARSKJOLD ON A CONGO PEACE MISSION CRASHED INTO THE RED DUST OF
CENTRAL AFRICA TODAY, KILLING THE UNITED NATIONS' SECRETARY-GENERAL
AND 15 OTHER PERSONS.

THE LONE SURVIVOR, A U.N. SECURITY GUARD, REPORTED A SERIES OF
EXPLOSIONS PRECEDED THE CRASH. HE SAID THE PLANE HAD TURNED AWAY
FROM A LANDING AT NDOLA'S MODERN AIRPORT, APPARENTLY ON HAMMARSKJOLD'S
ORDERS, AFTER BEING IN RADIO CONTACT WITH THE AIRPORT TOWER JUST
AFTER MIDNIGHT.

THE WRECKAGE WAS FOUND MORE THAN 12 HOURS AFTER THAT IN A FOREST
PRESERVE EIGHT MILES NORTH OF NDOLA.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS FLYING TO THIS BORDER COPPER BELT TOWN FOR TALKS
WITH PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE OF SECESSIONIST KATANGA PROVINCE. FOR
THE LAST WEEK THE U.N. HAS BEEN TRYING TO BRING KATANGA UNDER
CONTROL OF THE CENTRAL CONGO GOVERNMENT. TSHOMBE'S FORCES HAVE
BEEN FIGHTING BACK, INFLECTING SEVERE CASUALTIES ON U.N. FORCES FROM
SEVERAL NATIONS.

A U.N. SPOKESMAN SAID HE COULD NOT DEFINITELY RULE OUT SABOTAGE
OR SHOOTING AS THE CAUSE OF THE CRASH OF THE PLANE--A FOUR-ENGINE
DC6B.

THE ONLY SURVIVOR, HARRY JULIAN, AN AMERICAN U.N. SECURITY GUARD,
WAS QUOTED AT A HOSPITAL AS SAYING THE PLANE CHANGED COURSE ON
HAMMARSKJOLD'S INSTRUCTIONS WHILE PREPARING TO LAND AT NDOLA.

OFFICIALS QUOTED HIM AS SAYING THAT HAMMARSKJOLD HAD CHANGED HIS
MIND ABOUT LANDING AT NDOLA AND TOLD THE PILOT TO ALTER COURSE FOR
ANOTHER DESTINATION.

MOMENTS LATER, ACCORDING TO THE INJURED MAN, THERE WAS A SERIES
OF EXPLOSIONS ABOARD THE PLANE.

HOSPITAL AUTHORITIES SAID JULIAN WAS IN SERIOUS CONDITION.
OWNERS OF THE AIRLINER, THE SWEDISH AIR CO., SAID IN LEOPOLDVILLE
THEY ARE TRYING TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE PLANE MIGHT HAVE BEEN SHOT
DOWN BY A JET FIGHTER OF TSHOMBE'S TINY AIR FORCE. THEY CALLED
THIS A POSSIBILITY. THE CRASH APPARENTLY OCCURRED IN DARKNESS,
HOWEVER.

A U.N. SPOKESMAN SAID THE PLANE LEFT LEOPOLDVILLE, THE CONGO
CAPITAL, AT 5:20 P.M. SUNDAY ON THE 1,100-MILE FLIGHT TO NDOLA--
A TRIP THE DC6B COULD COVER IN FOUR HOURS OR LESS.

BUT IT WASN'T UNTIL AFTER MIDNIGHT, NDOLA AUTHORITIES REPORTED,
THAT THE PLANE ASKED AND OBTAINED CLEARANCE TO LAND AT THIS TOWN'S
MODERN AIRPORT. THE TIME WAS 12:12 A.M. AIRPORT SOURCES SAID
RADIO CONTACT WAS BROKEN THEN AND THE AIRCRAFT VEERED AWAY AND
VANISHED.

DESPITE LOSS OF RADIO CONTACT, NO MAJOR SEARCH EFFORT STARTED
UNTIL MID-MORNING. OFFICIALS GAVE AS THE REASON THE FACT THAT
THE PLANE HAD FILED NO REGULAR FLIGHT PLAN, AS IS NORMAL
PROCEDURE FOR ALL CIVIL FLIGHTS.

BECAUSE OF THIS, THE OFFICIALS SAID, NDOLA AIRPORT DID NOT
KNOW THE ROUTE THE PLANE WAS TAKING AND ASSUMED IT HAD PUT DOWN
AT SOME AIRFIELD ALONG THE ROUTE.

INFORMED SOURCES IN SALISBURY, SOUTHERN RHODESIA, SAID THE
HAMMARSKJOLD'S PLANE DID NOT FLY A DIRECT ROUTE FROM LEOPOLDVILLE
BUT TOOK A ROUNDABOUT COURSE TO AVOID KATANGA.

THE INFORMANTS GAVE THIS REPORT OF THE PLANE'S MOVEMENTS:

AS THE PLANE APPROACHED NDOLA AIRPORT, THE CONTROL TOWER ASKED THE
PILOT TO IDENTIFY HIMSELF. THE PILOT REFUSED AND INSTEAD ASKED FOR
PERMISSION TO DESCEND TO 6,000 FEET, WHICH WAS GRANTED.

THE PILOT THEN REPORTED HE MIGHT NEED FUEL BUT MOMENTS LATER THE
PLANE CLIMBED AGAIN AND DISAPPEARED.

NEWS THAT THE WRECKAGE HAD JUST BEEN SIGHTED CAME AS TSHOMBE
OPENED A NEWS CONFERENCE HERE WITH A CALL FOR A TRUCE BETWEEN HIS
KATANGA FORCES AND U.N. TROOPS.

TSHOMBE SAID:

"IF HAMMARSKJOLD HAS DIED IT IS BAD FOR THE CONGO. WE AFRICANS
SHOULD BE GRATEFUL FOR EVERYTHING HE HAS DONE FOR AFRICA."

HAMMARSKJOLD'S BODY AND THOSE OF THE OTHER 12 VICTIMS WERE TAKEN
TO NDOLA'S HOSPITAL MORTUARY.

HAMMARSKJOLD HAD BEEN U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL SINCE 1953. THE
SLIGHT, SANDY-HAIRED SWEDEN DIED ON THE EVE OF A GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SESSION DEALING WITH SUCH PROBLEMS AS BERLIN AND RED CHINA.

HIS DEATH THREW IN DOUBT THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, SINCE
THE SOVIET UNION HAS BEEN TRYING TO END THE PRESENT SINGLE
SECRETARY-GENERAL'S JOB AND REPLACE IT WITH A THREE-MAN BOARD.

AMONG THOSE REPORTED AT LEOPOLDVILLE TO BE ABOARD THE PLANE
WERE:

HEINRICH ALBERT WIESCHHOFF, 55, DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
POLITICAL AND SECURITY COUNCIL AFFAIRS AT THE U.N. IN NEW YORK. A
NATIVE OF GERMANY, HE HAD BECOME A U.S. CITIZEN AND HAD BEEN WITH THE
UNITED NATIONS SINCE 1946.

VLADIMIR FABRY, 40, OF THE UNITED STATES, LEGAL ADVISER TO THE U.N.
IN THE CONGO; ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS SINCE 1946.

WILLIAM RANALLO, 39, OF THE UNITED STATES, PERSONAL AIDE TO
HAMMARSKJOLD. HE HAD BEEN WITH THE UNITED NATIONS SINCE 1946.

MISS ALICE LALANDE, CANADIAN, SECRETARY TO DR. SSTURE LINNEN, HEAD
OF THE U.N. CONGO MISSION;

ALSO THREE SECURITY GUARDS--HARRY JULIAN AND FRANCIS IVERS OF
THE UNITED STATES AND SERGE BARRAU OF FRANCE. *The United Nations*

THE SWEDISH PILOT WAS LISTED AS CAPT. PER HELLONQUIST.

"THE CREW WERE ALL VERY EXPERIENCED MEN," SAID A U.N. SPOKESMAN.
"THERE WAS SOMETHING VERY STRANGE."

THE CRASHED PLANE, WHICH HAD BEEN ASSIGNED THE U.N. MILITARY
FORCE COMMANDER, LT. GEN. SEAN MCKEOWN, WAS SHOT UP AT ELISABETH-
VILLE A DAY OR SO AGO. A BULLET FROM THE GROUND DAMAGED THE PLANE'S
EXHAUST PIPE IN ONE ENGINE. THIS WAS LATER SUBSTITUTED WHEN IT
REACHED LEOPOLDVILLE AND A THOROUGH CHECK WAS MADE ON THE AIRCRAFT
FOR POSSIBLE OTHER DAMAGE.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTED ERRONEOUSLY FROM NDOLA LAST NIGHT
THAT HAMMARSKJOLD HAD ARRIVED HERE AND ENTERED INTO TRUCE TALKS WITH
TSHOMBE. AIRPORT AUTHORITIES AND NEWSMEN ALIKE GAINED THE IM-
PRESSION THAT A PLANE WHICH ARRIVED FROM LEOPOLDVILLE CARRIED THE SECRE-
TARY-GENERAL. THE ARRIVING PARTY JOINED TSHOMBE IN THE POLICE-GUARDED
AIRPORT CONTROL TOWER FOR A CONFERENCE OF SEVERAL HOURS.

BUT IT TURNED OUT THE PLANE CARRIED NOT HAMMARSKJOLD BUT LORD

LANSLOWNE, BRITISH UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
TSHOMBE SAW ONLY RHODESIAN AND BRITISH OFFICIALS HERE AND HEADED
NORTH BY AUTOMOBILE IN MIDMORNING.

POLICEMAN TOLD OF SEEING A FLASH IN THE HAZY DARKNESS, BUT
ELECTRICAL STORMS DO WEIRD THINGS IN THIS PART OF AFRICA AND HIS
REPORT WAS DISCOUNTED.

A VAST AIR SEARCH WAS LAUNCHED AT DAYLIGHT, WHEN IT BECAME
EVIDENT HAMMARSKJOLD'S PLANE WOULD HAVE EXHAUSTED ITS FUEL. U.N.,
BRITISH, AMERICAN AND RHODESIAN FLIERS PARTICIPATED.

THE SEARCH CREWS FINALLY FOUND THE WRECK IN THE FOREST
PRESERVE, ABOUT FIVE MILES NORTH OF NDOLA.
THE AIRLINER HAD SHEARED THROUGH TREES AS IT PLUNGED TO EARTH AND
WAS SHATTERED BY THE IMPACT. TWO OF THE FOUR ENGINES DISAPPEARED.
"THE PLANE EVIDENTLY FLOWED INTO THE GROUND," SAID A CHARTER PILOT
WHO WAS ONE OF THE FIRST TO SEE THE WRECK. "THERE WAS A LONG SCRAPE
MARK WHERE IT WENT IN AND LOTS OF BITS OF WRECKAGE WHERE IT
FINISHED UP. EVERYTHING AROUND THE WRECKAGE WAS BLACKENED AND
BURNED."

THE WRECK WAS REPORTED FIRST SPOTTED BY A NEGRO CHARCOAL BURNER,
THEN BY A ROYAL RHODESIAN AIR FORCE CREW. IT WAS STILL SMOULDERING
WHEN A GROUND SEARCH PARTY ARRIVED IN MID-AFTERNOON.

COL. MAURICE BARBER, RHODESIAN SECRETARY FOR CIVIL AVIATION,
FLEW TO NDOLA TO OPEN AN OFFICIAL INQUIRY.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S END CAME ABOUT 125 MILES SOUTHEAST OF
ELISABETHVILLE, TSHOMBE'S CAPITAL, WHERE ONE OF KATANGA'S TWO JET
FIGHTERS STRAFED U.N. HEADQUARTERS AND WRECKED ITS COMMUNICATIONS
SYSTEM MONDAY. THE JETS ARE BELIEVED BASED IN KOLWEZI, 150 MILES
NORTHWEST OF ELISABETHVILLE.

THE U.N. CONGO COMMAND HAS NO FIGHTERS OR ANTIAIRCRAFT GUNS.
A U.N. SPOKESMAN SAID HAMMARSKJOLD HAD INTENDED TO DISCUSS THE
KATANGA SITUATION WITH TSHOMBE BUT DID NOT INTEND TO "NEGOTIATE
FOR PEACE." THE U.N. POSITION IS THAT THE CONGO REMAINS AN ENTITY
AND THAT KATANGA, ITS RICHEST PROVINCE, BELONGS UNDER THE LEOPOLDVILLE
RULE OF PREMIER CYRILLE ADOULA'S REGIME.

TSHOMBE HAS REFUSED TO TALK WITH THE U.N. CHIEF REPRESENTATIVE IN
KATANGA, CONOR CRUISE O'BRIEN. THE NEGRO LEADER HAS ACCUSED THE
U.N. OF TRICKERY IN LAUNCHING ITS ATTACK LAST WEDNESDAY WHILE
DICKERING WAS UNDER WAY TO GET HIM BACK TO LEOPOLDVILLE.
LEOPOLDVILLE AUTHORITIES PUT HIM UNDER ARREST FOR SEVERAL WEEKS
AFTER HE SOUGHT TO WALK OUT OF A UNITY CONFERENCE LAST SPRING.

THE DEATH OF HAMMARSKJOLD CAME 13 YEARS AFTER THE UNITED NATIONS
WAS STUNNED BY THE ASSASSINATION OF COUNT BERNADOTTE, ANOTHER SWEDEN
WITH A U.N. PEACE MISSION. TRUCE COMMISSIONER IN PALESTINE, BERNADOTTE
WAS SHOT DEAD IN A JERUSALEM STREET SEPT. 17, 1948.

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OPTIONAL SECOND NIGHT LEAD HAMMARSKJOLD (120)
BY COLIN FROST

NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, SEPT. 18 (AP)--THE LONE SURVIVOR OF DAG
HAMMARSKJOLD'S CONGO PEACE MISSION PLANE WAS QUOTED AS SAYING TODAY A
SERIES OF EXPLOSIONS SHOOK THE AIRCRAFT JUST BEFORE IT CRASHED NEAR
HERE, KILLING THE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL AND 12 OTHERS.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS NEAR A LANDING AT THIS BORDER COPPER BELT TOWN
FOR CEASE-FIRE TALKS WITH PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE OF SECESSIONIST
KATANGA PROVINCE WHEN DISASTER STRUCK.

THE SURVIVOR, A SERIOUSLY INJURED U.N. SECURITY GUARD, SAID THE
PLANE HAD TURNED AWAY FROM THE SCHEDULED LANDING AT NDOLA'S MODERN
AIRPORT-- APPARENTLY ON HAMMARSKJOLD'S ORDERS-- AFTER BEING IN RADIO
CONTACT WITH THE AIRPORT TOWER JUST AFTER SUNDAY MIDNIGHT.

SEARCH PARTIES FOUND THE SMOULDERING WRECKAGE ABOUT 12 HOURS LATER
IN A FOREST PRESERVE EIGHT MILES NORTH OF NDOLA.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S BODY AND THOSE OF THE 12 OTHER VICTIMS WERE

30.24-1699

TAKEN TO THE NDOLA HOSPITAL MORTUARY.
HAMMARSKJOLD WAS FLYING X X X 4TH GRAF A65 SECOND NL.
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SECOND NIGHT LEAD U.N. HAMMARSKJOLD

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 18 (AP)--THE SOVIET UNION BALKED TODAY
AT A U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL STATEMENT PRAISING SECRETARY-GENERAL
DAG HAMMARSKJOLD--VICTIM OF A TRAGIC PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA.

THE SOVIET STAND TENDED TO CONFIRM FEARS THAT HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH
WOULD SET OFF A BITTER EAST-WEST DISPUTE OVER HIS SUCCESSOR THAT COULD
WRECK THE UNITED NATIONS AS AN EFFECTIVE PEACE-MAKING ORGANIZATION.

THE 11-NATION COUNCIL MET BEHIND CLOSED DOORS SEVERAL HOURS
AFTER THE OFFICIAL NEWS OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH WAS ANNOUNCED HERE.

MOST DELEGATES GATHERING FOR THE OPENING TOMORROW OF THE 16TH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY WERE SHOCKED BY THE NEWS. SOME--ESPECIALLY FROM THE
SMALLER COUNTRIES--WERE CLOSE TO TEARS.

THE ASSEMBLY WILL OPEN ON SCHEDULE TOMORROW AFTERNOON, BUT IS
EXPECTED TO ADJOURN IN RESPECT TO HAMMARSKJOLD FOR AT LEAST 24 HOURS.

DESPITE SOVIET OPPOSITION THE COUNCIL EXPRESSED SHOCK AND GRIEF OVER
THE DEATH OF HAMMARSKJOLD, AND PRAISED HIM AS AN OUTSTANDING LEADER
WHO HAD STRENGTHENED WORLD PEACE. IT SAID HIS EXTRAORDINARY SKILL
HAD HELPED CARRY THE UNITED NATIONS THROUGH MANY CRISES "AND HAS
DEVELOPED THE ORGANIZATION INTO AN IMPORTANT INSTRUMENT FOR BUILDING
A PEACEFUL WORLD COMMUNITY."

BUT SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN, WHILE
ASSOCIATING HIS COUNTRY WITH THE EXPRESSION OF CONDOLENCES, DECLARED
THAT THE SOVIET UNION DID NOT RECOGNIZE HAMMARSKJOLD AS AN OFFICIAL OF
THE UNITED NATIONS.

ZORIN DECLARED THAT THE SOVIET UNION DOES NOT SHARE THE
APPRAISAL OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S ^{political activities} COMMUNITIES AS CONTAINED IN THE COUNCIL
STATEMENT.

AMBASSADOR NATHANIEL BARNES OF LIBERIA, COUNCIL PRESIDENT FOR
SEPTEMBER, TOLD REPORTERS OF THE COUNCIL ACTION AFTER THE END OF THE
MEETING.

ANOTHER PARTICIPANT GAVE THIS MORE DETAILED ACCOUNT OF THE
MEETING:

AFTER BARNES PROPOSED THAT THE COUNCIL SAY SOMETHING ABOUT
HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH, ZORIN DECLARED HE WOULD SUPPORT A STATEMENT
OF CONDOLENCE BUT DID NOT WANT IT TO REFER TO HAMMARSKJOLD AS
SECRETARY-GENERAL.

BARNES THEN DRAFTED A STATEMENT THAT REFERRED REPEATEDLY TO
HAMMARSKJOLD AS SECRETARY-GENERAL. ZORIN ASKED THAT THESE REFERENCES
BE DELETED. DANIEL SCHWEITZER OF CHILE AND ADLAI E. STEVENSON OF THE
UNITED STATES OBJECTED.

STEVENSON SAID HAMMARSKJOLD WENT TO THE CONGO AS SECRETARY-GENERAL
AND MET HIS DEATH IN THAT POSITION. HE SAID THE UNITED STATES COULD
NOT ACCEPT A PROPOSAL THAT WOULD DO SUCH DISHONOR AS TO STRIP HIM OF
HIS TITLE IN A STATEMENT OF CONDOLENCE.

BARNES SAID A CLEAR MAJORITY SUPPORTED THE STATEMENT AS DRAWN.
ZORIN GOT A 10-MINUTE RECESS TO CONSIDER. AFTERWARD, BARNES READ HIS
ORIGINAL STATEMENT WITH A SENTENCE ADDED ABOUT SOVIET RESERVATIONS.
HE SAID HE ASSUMED THAT WAS WHAT THE COUNCIL THOUGHT HE SHOULD ISSUE.
ZORIN DID NOT OBJECT FURTHER.

BARNES SAID THE COUNCIL TOOK NO ACTION AT THE MEETING ON A POSSIBLE SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD, NOR WAS ANY DATE SET FOR SUCH A MEETING.

THE COUNCIL WAS CONVENED SEVERAL HOURS AFTER OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES THAT COULD AT THE LEAST BE CALLED UNUSUAL.

HE WAS MAKING A NIGHT FLIGHT IN AN EFFORT, SAID U.N. AIDES, TO AVOID POSSIBLE CONTACT WITH JET PLANES FROM PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE'S AIR FORCE, WHICH HAD BEEN ATTACKING U.N. POSITIONS IN THE POCKET WAR RAGING IN KATANGA PROVINCE. HAMMARSKJOLD WAS ON HIS WAY TO NEGOTIATE A CEASE-FIRE WITH TSHOMBE.

THE BIG QUESTION WAS: WHO WILL SUCCEED HAMMARSKJOLD AS SECRETARY-GENERAL?

THE U.N. CHARTER MAKES NO PROVISION FOR ANYONE TO TAKE OVER IN THE EVENT OF THE DEATH OF A SECRETARY-GENERAL WHILE IN OFFICE. U.N. OFFICIALS SAID THAT TOP MEMBERS OF THE SECRETARIAT WERE CONSULTING TOGETHER ON OPERATIONAL PROBLEMS.

THEY INCLUDE DR. RALPH BUNCHE, THE AMERICAN NEGRO WHO IS UNDERSECRETARY FOR SPECIAL POLITICAL AFFAIRS; GEORGE P. ARKADIEV, SOVIET UNDERSECRETARY FOR POLITICAL AND SECURITY COUNCIL AFFAIRS; CHAKROVARTHI V. NARASIMHAN, AN INDIAN WHO HAS BEEN SERVING AS HAMMARSKJOLD'S ASSISTANT UNDER A REORGANIZATION PLAN ANNOUNCED LAST JUNE.

IN THAT REORGANIZATION ANDREW W. CORDIER, AN AMERICAN, RESIGNED AS ASSISTANT TO HAMMARSKJOLD AFTER 16 YEARS. CORDIER AGREED TO REMAIN THROUGH THE PRESENT SESSION AS ASSISTANT TO THE U.N. ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT.

BUT NONE OF THESE MEN, WITH THE POSSIBLE EXCEPTION OF NARASIMHAN, WERE BEING MENTIONED AS ACTUAL CANDIDATES TO SUCCEED HAMMARSKJOLD.

THERE WAS CORRIDOR SPECULATION ON POSSIBLE CANDIDATES FROM NON-ALIGNED NATIONS, BUT NOTHING LIKE FIRM SUPPORT WAS DEVELOPING BEHIND ANY ONE MAN.

A LONE BLUE AND WHITE U.N. BANNER FLEW AT HALF-STAFF WHILE FLAGS OF ALL THE MEMBER NATIONS WERE REMOVED FROM THEIR POLES IN FRONT OF U.N. HEADQUARTERS.

HERNANE TEVARES DE SA, BRAZILIAN UNDERSECRETARY IN CHARGE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION, SADLY READ OUT TO A NEWS CONFERENCE THE OFFICIAL WORD OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH WHILE ON A PEACE MISSION IN THE CONGO OPERATION HE HAD DIRECTED.

ALREADY CONFRONTING THE 16TH ASSEMBLY WERE SUCH GRAVE ISSUES AS ADMISSION OF COMMUNIST CHINA, BERLIN, NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND THE CONGO WARFARE THAT INDIRECTLY CLAIMED HAMMARSKJOLD'S LIFE.

BUT THE JUNGLE TRAGEDY THREW INTO THE FORE THE FIGHT OVER REORGANIZATION OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S OFFICE ITSELF.

THE SOVIET UNION HAS DEMANDED A THREE-MAN SECRETARIAT, REPRESENTING THE COMMUNIST, WESTERN AND SO-CALLED NEUTRAL NATIONS, EACH WITH THE POWER OF VETO.

THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER WESTERN POWERS HAVE VOWED TO FIGHT THE PLAN WHICH THEY SAY WOULD PARALYZE THE U.N. EXECUTIVE MACHINERY AND PREVENT ANY EFFECTIVE U.N. ACTION IN TIMES OF CRISIS.

THE PROSPECT OF SUCH A FIGHT WAS ALREADY THREATENING TO PUT ADDITIONAL STRAIN ON U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS IN ADVANCE OF THE EXPLORATORY PEACE TALKS HERE ON BERLIN BETWEEN U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO.

RUSK DECLARED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH "IN LINE OF DUTY CALLS FOR FRESH DEDICATION TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE (U.N.) CHARTER AND TO THE UNITED NATIONS AT A TIME WHEN ITS SUCCESS IS OF CRITICAL IMPORTANCE TO THE ENTIRE WORLD."

HE LAUDED HAMMARSKJOLD AS A "DEVOTED SERVANT OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND OF THE CAUSE OF PEACE."

AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON, CHIEF U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, CALLED HAMMARSKJOLD "A SOLDIER OF PEACE--ONE OF THE GREATEST

OF OUR AGE," WHO HAD LEFT HIS IMPRINT "ON THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND DECENCY AMONG NATIONS."

PRESIDENT KENNEDY STRESSED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD DIED "IN THE CAUSE FOR WHICH HE LIVED" AND SAID THE UNITED NATIONS "IS A BETTER AND STRONGER ORGANIZATION--AND A HIGHER HOPE FOR MANKIND--BECAUSE OF HIS SERVICE TO IT. HIS NAME WILL BE TREASURED AMONG THE PEACE-MAKERS OF HISTORY."

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE REACTION FROM THE SOVIET SIDE. PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV DENOUNCED HAMMARSKJOLD AS A TOOL OF WESTERN IMPERIALISM IN THE CONGO, AND CALLED FOR HIS RESIGNATION AT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY A YEAR AGO. HAMMARSKJOLD DECLARED HE WOULD NOT QUIT UNLESS A MAJORITY IN THE ASSEMBLY ASKED HIM TO DO SO.

THERE IS NO PROVISION IN THE U.N. CHARTER FOR ANYONE SUCCEEDING THE SECRETARY-GENERAL IN THE EVENT OF HIS DEATH WHILE IN OFFICE. HAMMARSKJOLD'S PRESENT FIVE-YEAR TERM. HIS SECOND, WAS DUE TO RUN OUT IN APRIL, 1963.

THUS THE COUNCIL MUST RECOMMEND A SUCCESSOR TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. DIPLOMATS EXPECT THAT THE SOVIET UNION WOULD VETO ANY SINGLE CANDIDATE PRESENTED.

IT WOULD TAKE AN AMENDMENT TO THE U.N. CHARTER TO EFFECT THE CHANGE IN THE SECRETARIAT SOUGHT BY THE RUSSIANS. CHARTER AMENDMENT REQUIRES A TWO-THIRDS VOTE OF THE ASSEMBLY, INCLUDING ALL FIVE PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL.

THIS RAISES THE PROSPECT OF AN INDEFINITE EAST-WEST DEADLOCK.

RA240PED

A25UN

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD U.N. INTERPRETIVE (700)

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS ANALYST

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 18 (AP)--THERE IS SOLEMN REALIZATION AT THE UNITED NATIONS TONIGHT THAT IT IS FACING A MONUMENTAL CRISIS. ITS VERY EXISTENCE AS AN EFFECTIVE ORGANIZATION FOR PROTECTION OF THE PEACE HAS BEEN ENDANGERED BY THE UNTIMELY DEATH OF SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE DELEGATES OF THE U.N.'S 99 MEMBERS GOT THE SHOCKING NEWS ON THE EVE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S 16TH REGULAR SESSION. IT PILED CRISIS UPON CRISIS.

ALREADY THE EAST-WEST QUARREL OVER NUCLEAR TESTING, WAR THREATS AND DISARMAMENT WERE THREATENING TO RIP THE WORLD PEACE ORGANIZATION APART INTO HOSTILE GROUPS.

NOW THE U.N. IS WITHOUT A CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, AND THE CHANCES OF REPLACING HIM SEEM SLIM.

AT BEST IT WILL CREATE EVEN MORE TENSION BETWEEN EAST AND WEST, ALREADY AT THE BOILING POINT BECAUSE OF THE IMMINENT THREAT OF VIOLENCE OVER THE FUTURE OF WEST BERLIN.

AT WORST, IT CAN MEAN AN INSOLUBLE DEADLOCK BETWEEN THE COMMUNIST AND WESTERN NATIONS ON THE FUTURE STRUCTURE OF THE SECRETARIAT.

A FEELING OF FOREBODING PERVADES THIS GREAT GLASS AND STONE BUILDING OVERLOOKING NEW YORK'S EAST RIVER. THE LONG FACES IN THE CORRIDORS BESPEAK ELOQUENTLY THE KNOWLEDGE OF WHAT LIES AHEAD, IN THE WAKE OF A NUMBING TRAGEDY IN THE WILDS OF CENTRAL AFRICA.

IF THE U.N. IS TO CONTINUE ITS ROLE AS PEACE-MAKER IN THE MANY AND VARIED EXPLOSIONS OF A TURBULENT SPACE-AGE WORLD, IT MUST HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO ACT IN EMERGENCIES. THE ATTACK OF THE SOVIET UNION AND THE COMMUNIST WORLD ON THE U.N. STRUCTURE HAS BEEN AIMED AT DESTROYING THE POWER OF THE U.N. TO ACT, AND THIS ATTACK HAS BEEN CENTERED ON HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE BIG QUESTION IS THIS: WAS DAG HAMMARSKJOLD THE LAST CHIEF EXECUTIVE THE U.N. WOULD HAVE WHO COULD ACT SWIFTLY TO QUENCH THE FLAMES WHICH ENDANGER PEACE AROUND THE WORLD?

IN ORDER TO PRODUCE A SUCCESSOR AS SECRETARY GENERAL, THE SECURITY COUNCIL MUST PRESENT A NOMINATION TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. THERE IS

LITTLE CHANCE THAT THE WEST AND THE RUSSIANS WILL BE ABLE TO AGREE ON A SINGLE NOMINEE, AND EACH SIDE HAS VETO POWER. THE RUSSIANS PROBABLY WILL PUSH ONCE AGAIN FOR THEIR "TROIKA" PLAN-- A THREE-MAN BOARD INSTEAD OF A SECRETARY GENERAL. THE BOARD, WITH BUILT-IN VETO POWER, WOULD INCLUDE A COMMUNIST, A WESTERNER AND A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SO-CALLED NEUTRAL WORLD. EFFECTIVELY, THAT WOULD PARALYZE THE U.N.'S ABILITY TO TAKE ACTION IN TIME OF DANGER. THE U.N. THEN WOULD BECOME LITTLE MORE THAN A DEBATING SOCIETY IN THE MANNER OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS, WHICH WAS POWERLESS TO ACT IN EVENTS LEADING UP TO WORLD WAR II.

THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A CRISIS IN THIS RESPECT IN ANY EVENT NEXT YEAR. HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH ADVANCES IT A FULL YEAR. HIS TERM WAS TO END IN APRIL, 1963, WHICH MEANT THAT THE 1962 GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSION WOULD HAVE HAD TO ACT ON A SUCCESSOR. LINES OF BATTLE ALREADY HAD BEEN DRAWN.

THE SOVIET BLOC, HEADED IN PERSON BY PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV, MOUNTED A VIOLENT OFFENSIVE JUST A YEAR AGO IN NEW YORK AT THE 15TH SESSION, DESIGNED AT OUSTING HAMMARSKJOLD. THE RUSSIANS HAD SUSTAINED A SHARP POLITICAL SETBACK IN THE CONGO AND HAD BLAMED HAMMARSKJOLD FOR IT. KHRUSHCHEV DID NOT PUSH HIS TROIKA PLAN TO A VOTE, POSSIBLY BECAUSE HE REALIZED HE WOULD NOT HAVE HAD SUFFICIENT SUPPORT FOR IT AT THAT TIME.

HAMMARSKJOLD DEFIED THE SOVIET PREMIER, ANNOUNCING HIS INTENTION OF REMAINING IN OFFICE FOR HIS FULL TERM. BUT THERE IS LITTLE DOUBT THAT HAMMARSKJOLD FORESAW THE BUILDING CRISIS OVER HIS OFFICE AND OVER HIS HANDLING OF THE CONGO CRISIS.

IN SOME WESTERN EUROPEAN QUARTERS, HAMMARSKJOLD'S LAST EFFORTS IN THE CONGO--AN ATTEMPT TO RESTORE SECESSIONIST KATANGA TO THE LEOPOLDVILLE GOVERNMENT--WERE VIEWED AS AN ATTEMPT TO PLACATE THE RUSSIANS. HE WAS CRITICIZED IN THE WEST FOR IT.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH NOW MAY BE USED BY MOSCOW TO HEAP FURTHER BLAME UPON THE UNITED STATES, WHOM IT HAS BEEN ACCUSED OF PLOTTING AGAINST A SETTLEMENT IN THE CONGO.

IN ANY CASE, THE TRAGEDY SEEMS SURE TO DEEPEN DIFFICULTIES BETWEEN EAST AND WEST AT A MOMENT WHEN THE DIFFICULTIES ALREADY WERE DANGEROUSLY DEEP, AND TO PLACE THE WHOLE STRUCTURE OF THE WORLD ORGANIZATION UNDER AN OMINOUS CLOUD.

IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT TO OVERESTIMATE THE CURRENT CRISIS. THERE IS NO PROVISION FOR A LINE OF SUCCESSION TO HAMMARSKJOLD. HE DID NOT BELIEVE IN HAVING AN ACTING SECRETARY-GENERAL DURING HIS ABSENCES FROM HIS NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, ANDREW CORDIER, AN AMERICAN, HANDLED ROUTINE MATTERS FOR THE MOST PART. AND IN ANY EVENT, HE ALREADY HAS SURRENDERED HIS SECRETARIAT DUTIES TO BECOME AN ASSISTANT TO THE ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT. HIS DUTIES HAVE BEEN TURNED OVER TO AN APPOINTEE FROM INDIA.

RA259PED

B56 (Q)

-ALL POINTS-

HAMMARSKJOLD DIPLOMACY (550)

BY TOM HOGE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 18 (AP)--DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S FINAL OFFICIAL ACT WAS IN IRONIC KEEPING WITH HIS CREED OF PERSONAL DIPLOMACY. IT LEFT HIM AS CONTROVERSIAL A FIGURE IN DEATH AS HE WAS IN LIFE.

A MASTER OF THE ART OF COMPROMISE WHO BECAME A STORM CENTER IN THE COLD WAR, THE SLIM, TIGHT-LIPPED SECRETARY-GENERAL HELD THE THEORY THAT PERSONAL DIPLOMACY HAD "THE LAST WORD IN PEACEMAKING."

FOLLOWING THIS POLICY, HE SERVED AS HIS OWN TROUBLE SHOOTER IN THE WORLD'S HOT SPOTS DURING HIS EIGHT YEARS AS U.N. CHIEF.

HAMMARSKJOLD MADE HIS FIRST REAL IMPACT ON THE WORLD SCENE IN 1954 WHEN HE WENT ON A MISSION TO PEIPING THAT BROUGHT RELEASE OF 11 U.S.

30.24-1701

AIRMEN HELD PRISONER BY RED CHINA.

HAMMARSKJOLD TOOK A PERSONAL HAND AGAIN IN 1956 TO SHORE UP ISRAELI-ARAB ARMISTICE AGREEMENTS SHAKEN BY BORDER RAIDS. HE SUCCEEDED IN GETTING CEASE-FIRE PROMISES FROM ISRAEL, EGYPT, JORDAN, LEBANON AND SYRIA.

THE FOLLOWING JULY, EGYPT NATIONALIZED THE SUEZ CANAL, SETTING OFF A DISPUTE WITH THE WEST. AGAIN HAMMARSKJOLD FLEW TO THE TROUBLE SPOT, HAMMERING OUT A GENERAL AGREEMENT ON A SET OF PRINCIPLES FOR UNRESTRICTED USE OF THE DISPUTED WATERWAY.

A FEW MONTHS LATER THE AGREEMENT WENT UP IN SMOKE WHEN ISRAEL AND BRITAIN AND FRANCE INVADDED EGYPT.

ON INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, HAMMARSKJOLD GOT A CEASE-FIRE AND WITHIN 48 HOURS PLANNED A U.N. EMERGENCY FORCE TO TAKE OVER FROM THE WITHDRAWING INVADERS. HE ALSO FLEW TO CAIRO AND ARRANGED WITH EGYPT FOR A U.N. TEAM TO CLEAR THE CANAL OF SUNKEN SHIPS AND OTHER BLOCKS PLACED BY THE EGYPTIANS IN A MASSIVE SABOTAGE AIMED TO CRIPPLE THE INVADERS.

COMMENTING ON THE SUEZ EXPERIENCES, HAMMARSKJOLD SAID SPEECHES AND RESOLUTIONS SERVE THEIR PURPOSE ONLY WHEN THEY HELP DIPLOMACY BRING AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE COUNTRIES CONCERNED. HE ENVISIONED THE SECRETARY-GENERAL AS A CENTRAL FIGURE IN THIS DIPLOMACY.

HAMMARSKJOLD IRRITATED BRITAIN, FRANCE AND ISRAEL WITH A STATEMENT TO THE EFFECT THAT IF THE UNITED STATES HAD NOT PLACED THE SUEZ INVASION BEFORE THE SECURITY COUNCIL, HE WOULD HAVE PERSONALLY SEEN THAT IT LANDED THERE.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S POLICY OF PERSONAL DIPLOMACY STRUCK A SNAG IN 1957 WHEN HE TRIED TO GO TO BUDAPEST FOR AN ON-THE-SPOT CHECK FOLLOWING THE HUNGARIAN REVOLT.

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WOULD ONLY ALLOW HAMMARSKJOLD TO GO TO THE STRIFE-TORN CITY AS A PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL, AND THIS HE REFUSED TO DO. BUT IF THE COMMUNISTS REBUFFED HAMMARSKJOLD'S PEACE-MAKING EFFORTS, HE WAS SUCCESSFUL ELSEWHERE.

HE MADE ANOTHER TRIP TO THE MIDDLE EAST IN 1958 DURING THE LEBANON CRISIS AND RETURNED IN 1959 TO SEEK SETTLEMENT OF SUEZ SHIPPING DISPUTES. IN BETWEEN WERE VISITS TO WAR-TORN LAOS AND THE HASMIR CEASE-FIRE LINE IN 1959.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S SUDDEN DECISION LAST WEEK TO MAKE A PERSONAL MISSION TO THE TURBULENT CONGO--HIS THIRD WITHIN A YEAR--CAME AS A SURPRISE TO DELEGATES GATHERED FOR THE OPENING OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

HIS ARRIVAL THERE SCARCELY TWO HOURS AFTER U.N. FORCES HAD GONE INTO ACTION AGAINST THE TROOPS OF SECESSIONIST KATANGA PROVINCE CAUSED REVERBERATIONS AROUND THE WORLD. IT MADE HIM THE TARGET OF CRITICISM FROM BRITAIN, FRANCE AND OTHER WESTERN POWERS. BUT IT WON HIM SUPPORT FROM MANY ASIAN-AFRICAN NATIONS OPPOSED TO THE KATANGA REGIME.

MANY DELEGATES BELIEVED HAMMARSKJOLD HAD ACTED IN HOPE OF RESOLVING THE THORNY KATANGA PROBLEM BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY GOT UNDER WAY. OTHERS SPECULATED THAT HE WAS ATTEMPTING TO BOOST HIS STOCK WITH THE AFRICAN-ASIAN NATIONS AND THUS BOLSTER HIMSELF AGAINST SOVIET ATTEMPTS TO STRIP HIM OF HIS POWERS.

WITH HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH, THESE QUESTIONS MAY NEVER BE ANSWERED. SM-PS552PED

A138

UNDATED HAMMARSKJOLD (ROUNDUP) (680)
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

A PLANE CARRYING DAG HAMMARSKJOLD ON A CONGO PEACE MISSION CRASHED YESTERDAY (MON) IN THE BUSHLANDS OF NORTHERN RHODESIA MOMENTS AFTER IT WAS REPORTED ROCKED BY A SERIES OF MYSTERIOUS EXPLOSIONS. THE U.N.

September 18, 1961

SECRETARY-GENERAL AND 12 OTHER PERSONS WERE KILLED.

A U.N. SPOKESMAN SAID HE COULD NOT RULE OUT SABOTAGE OR SHOOTING AS THE CAUSE OF THE CRASH OF THE FOUR-ENGINE DC6B.

THE SOLE SURVIVOR, U.N. SECURITY GUARD HARRY JULIEN, WAS QUOTED AS SAYING THE PLANE WAS SHAKEN BY EXPLOSIONS MOMENTS AFTER IT TURNED AWAY FROM ITS SCHEDULED DESTINATION, THE MODERN AIRPORT AT NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, APPARENTLY ON HAMMARSKJOLD'S ORDERS. THE WRECKAGE WAS FOUND IN A FOREST PRESERVE EIGHT MILES NORTH OF NDOLA MORE THAN 12 HOURS LATER.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS EN ROUTE FOR TALKS WITH PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE OF SECESSIONIST KATANGA PROVINCE AIMED AT BRINGING A CEASE FIRE TO THE TROUBLED CONGO PROVINCE.

HIS MISSION UNFULFILLED, FIGHTING FLARED ANEW BETWEEN U.N. AND KATANGA FORCES AND WAS REPORTED TO HAVE SPREAD. KATANGA FORCES CLAIMED THE BIG U.N. BASE AT KAMINA FELL AND THE 500 IRISH AND SWEDISH DEFENDERS SURRENDERED.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH SHOCKED THE FREE WORLD, LEFT THE CONGO CRISIS UNRESOLVED AND DRIFTING TOWARD CHAOS AND THREATENED TO PRECIPITATE AN EAST-WEST BATTLE IN THE UNITED NATIONS THAT COULD WRECK THE WORLD BODY.

BRITAIN CALLED FOR SWIFT NEW EFFORTS TO BRING ABOUT A CONGO CEASE FIRE, AND TSHOMBE SAID HE WAS WILLING TO TALK WITH ANY SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD. TSHOMBE EXCEPTED CONOR CRUISE O'BRIEN, THE CHIEF U.N. KATANGA REPRESENTATIVE, WHOM TSHOMBE BLAMES FOR THE FIGHTING CAUSED BY THE U.N. ATTEMPT TO BRING KATANGA BACK UNDER THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AT LEOPOLDVILLE.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S PLANE TOOK OFF FROM LEOPOLDVILLE AT 5:20 P.M. SUNDAY ON THE 1,100-MILE FLIGHT TO NDOLA, BUT WAS SAID TO HAVE BYPASSED KATANGA, THUS LENGTHENING THE TRIP.

AS THE PLANE APPROACHED NDOLA AIRPORT, THE CONTROL TOWER ASKED IT TO IDENTIFY ITSELF. BUT JULIEN SAID HAMMARSKJOLD CHANGED HIS MIND ABOUT LANDING AT NDOLA AND TOLD THE PILOT TO ALTER COURSE.

A SEARCH FOR THE MISSING PLANE WAS DELAYED BECAUSE IT HAD NOT FILED A REGULAR FLIGHT PLAN AND NDOLA OFFICIALS BELIEVED IT HAD MERELY LANDED ELSEWHERE. THE BODIES OF HAMMARSKJOLD AND THE OTHERS WERE TAKEN FROM THE SMOULDERING WRECKAGE TO THE NDOLA HOSPITAL MORTUARY.

JULIEN WAS HOSPITALIZED IN CRITICAL CONDITION.

THE OWNERS OF THE AIRLINER, THE SWEDISH AIR CO., SAID THERE WAS A POSSIBILITY THE PLANE WAS SHOT DOWN BY A JET FIGHTER OF TSHOMBE'S SMALL AIR FORCE. THE CRASH OCCURRED IN THE DARK.

TWO U.N. AIR CRASH INVESTIGATORS ARE GOING FROM MONTREAL TO HELP DETERMINE THE CAUSE OF THE CRASH.

HAMMARSKJOLD HAD BEEN SECRETARY GENERAL SINCE 1953 AND HIS DEATH LEFT THE UNITED NATIONS PILOTLESS.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY SUMMARIZED HAMMARSKJOLD'S POSITION IN A TROUBLED WORLD, SAYING: "HIS NAME WILL BE TREASURED HIGH AMONG THE PEACE MAKERS OF HISTORY."

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED KENNEDY WILL ADDRESS THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY THIS WEEK OR NEXT TO REAFFIRM U.S. SUPPORT FOR THE ORGANIZATION.

PRIME MINISTER NEHRU OF INDIA, ONE OF THE FOREMOST LEADERS OF UNCOMMITTED NATIONS IN EAST-WEST DISPUTES, CALLED HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH "A SPECIAL TRAGEDY" AND SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER IT WAS MERE ACCIDENT OR SABOTAGE.

"CONDITIONS IN THE CONGO ARE SUCH THAT ANYTHING CAN HAPPEN," HE SAID. TSHOMBE HIMSELF DESCRIBED HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH AS "BAD FOR THE CONGO. WE AFRICANS SHOULD BE GRATEFUL FOR EVERYTHING HE HAS DONE FOR AFRICA."

BUT THE SOVIET UNION BALKED AT A U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL STATEMENT OF CONDOLENCE REFERRING TO HAMMARSKJOLD AS THE SECRETARY GENERAL, TENDING TO CONFIRM FEARS THAT HIS DEATH WILL TOUCH OFF A BITTER EAST-WEST DISPUTE OVER HIS SUCCESSOR.

THE FIRST TWO MEN TO BE U.N. CHIEF EXECUTIVES-- TRYGVE LIE OF NORWAY AND HAMMARSKJOLD, A SWEDEN-- WERE NOMINATED ONLY AFTER MUCH NEGOTIATION AND DELICATE DIPLOMACY. BOTH IN THE LATTER DAYS OF THEIR TERMS WERE OFFICIALLY SNUBBED AND DECLARED UNRECOGNIZED BY THE SOVIET UNION.

THE PASSING OF HAMMARSKJOLD BRINGS TO A CRITICAL POINT THE SOVIET PROPOSAL FOR THE SO-CALLED TROIKA SYSTEM: A THREE-MAN BOARD TO REPLACE THE SINGLE SECRETARY GENERAL WITH THE MEMBERS REPRESENTING EACH OF THE MAIN WORLD DIVISIONS-- EAST, WEST AND NONALIGNED. THIS WOULD REQUIRE CHARTER REVISION.

FAILURE TO SETTLE UPON ONE MAN AS SECRETARY GENERAL ACCEPTABLE TO THE COMMUNIST AND NONCOMMUNIST WORLDS COULD WRECK THE U.N. STRUCTURE. THE BIG POWER VETO APPLIES ON HIS ELECTION.

HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH CAME 13 YEARS AFTER A SWEDISH FELLOW COUNTRY-MAN, COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE, DIED A MARTYR FOR PEACE AT THE HANDS OF ASSASSINS IN JERUSALEM. AS U.N. MEDIATOR FOR PALESTINE, BERNADOTTE WAS AMBUSHED SEPT. 17, 1948. THE ASSASSINS NEVER WERE IDENTIFIED. TU1029PED

A32WX (BJT)

(520) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD HAMMARSKJOLD REACTION
BY RAYMOND-J. CROWLEY

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND OTHER LEADERS MOURNED DAG HAMMARSKJOLD TODAY AS A GIANT AMONG THE PEACEMAKERS OF HISTORY. THERE WAS FOREBODING AS TO WHAT HIS DEATH MEANS TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE WORLD.

FEARS WERE EXPRESSED ON THE SENATE FLOOR THAT RUSSIA WOULD THROW THE UNITED NATIONS INTO TURMOIL OVER THE CHOICE OF A SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD, U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL KILLED IN A PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA.

SEVERAL SENATORS EXPRESSED BELIEF THE SOVIETS WOULD TRY TO PUT ACROSS THEIR TROIKA SCHEME FOR A THREE-HEADED SECRETARIAT DIVIDED AMONG THE COMMUNISTS, THE WEST AND NEUTRALS.

LATE TODAY, THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED KENNEDY WILL ADDRESS THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

PRESIDENTIAL PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER INDICATED THAT KENNEDY FEELS THE PROBLEMS RAISED BY HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEATH MAKE HIS APPEARANCE IMPERATIVE. SALINGER SAID THE PRESIDENT FEELS "NOW, AT A TIME OF CRISIS FOR THE U. N., IT WOULD BE A GOOD TIME TO GO THERE AND AFFIRM SUPPORT OF THE U. N. AND ITS PURPOSES."

THE OUTPOURING OF PRAISE FOR HAMMARSKJOLD CAME AGAINST THE BACKGROUND OF A SHARP REPUBLICAN ATTACK ON HIS CONGO POLICIES. EARLIER IN THE DAY SEN. EVERETT DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS, SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER, ISSUED A STATEMENT SAYING "EVERYTHING THE UNITED STATES IS SUPPOSED TO STAND FOR IS BEING FLOUTED" BY U.N. INTERVENTION IN STRIFE-TORN KATANGA PROVINCE.

"U.N. TROOPS," DIRKSEN SAID, "ARE WAGING BLOODY WARFARE AGAINST THE PRO-WESTERN, ANTI-COMMUNIST MOISE TSHOMBE REGIME IN KATANGA IN AN EFFORT TO SUPPLANT IT WITH A PRO-COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT X X X."

LATER, HOWEVER, DIRKSEN JOINED OTHER SENATE LEADERS IN SPONSORING A RESOLUTION EXPRESSING DEEP REGRET OVER HAMMARSKJOLD'S (CQ) DEATH. DIRKSEN SAID THAT ALTHOUGH HE DID NOT ALWAYS AGREE WITH HAMMARSKJOLD, THE SECRETARY-GENERAL "DID A MAGNIFICENT JOB IN HOLDING THE U.N. TOGETHER." THE SENATE RESOLUTION WAS QUICKLY PASSED AND SENT TO THE HOUSE.

THE HOUSE, WITHOUT DEBATE, QUICKLY ADOPTED THE RESOLUTION, COPIES OF WHICH WILL BE SENT TO THE UNITED NATIONS, THE SWEDISH GOVERNMENT AND HAMMARSKJOLD'S FAMILY.

EXPRESSING PROFOUND SORROW, KENNEDY SAID HAMMARSKJOLD DIED IN THE CAUSE OF TOTAL DEDICATION TO THE "CAUSE OF PEACE AND WORLD ORDER THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS."

"I PRAY," KENNEDY'S STATEMENT SAID, "THAT HIS FINAL SACRIFICE WILL

INSPIRE ALL MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO COMPLETE THE TASK FOR WHICH HE DIED.
BUT ON THE SENATE FLOOR, SENS. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., ALEXANDER WILEY, R-WIS., AND OTHERS EXPRESSED ANXIETY LEST RUSSIA SEIZE THE OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE ITS TROIKA PLAN. ADOPTION OF THE PLAN WOULD MEAN CHAOS FOR THE UNITED NATIONS, WILEY SAID.

SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT, D-ARK., CHAIRMAN OF THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID HAMMARSKJOLD'S PASSING WAS "A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY. I DON'T KNOW WHAT IT MEANS TO THE FUTURE OF THE U.N." HE ADDED HIS HOPE THE SOVIET UNION WILL NOT SEIZE ON THIS DEVELOPMENT "TO THROW THE UNITED NATIONS ITSELF INTO GRAVE CRISIS."

LIKE MANY A PEACE-MAKER, HAMMARSKJOLD HAD COME UNDER FIRE FROM VARIOUS DIRECTIONS. PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV OPENED A FIERCE CAMPAIGN LAST YEAR TO OUST HIM BECAUSE OF HIS ACTIONS IN THE CONGO.

MORE RECENTLY, ACCORDING TO SOME OPINION IN EUROPE AND ELSEWHERE, HAMMARSKJOLD APPEARED TO BE TRYING TO MOLLIFY THE RUSSIANS. HE ORDERED U.N. TROOPS IN KATANGA TO DISARM PRESIDENT TSHOMBE'S FORCES AND PUT THE PROVINCE UNDER CONTROL OF THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT IN LEOPOLDVILLE.

DIRKSEN AND SOME OTHERS SAW THIS AS AN EFFORT TO PUT PRO-COMMUNISTS IN CONTROL, AND DIRKSEN SAID THE ACTION WAS TAKEN "WITHOUT ANY RECOGNIZABLE AUTHORITY." THE STATE DEPARTMENT, HOWEVER, SUPPORTED HAMMARSKJOLD, SAYING "THE INTEGRITY OF THE CONGOLESE NATION X X X IS CALLED FOR BY U.N. RESOLUTIONS."

JA333PED

A76

HAMMARSKJOLD SKETCH (750)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

(UNDATED) -- DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S FACE, ON THAT ASTOUNDING DAY, WAS AS COOL AND IMPASSIVE AS THE MARBLE PODIUM WHERE HE SAT, LISTENING.

A FEW FEET AWAY, ON THE ROSTRUM BELOW, SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WAS ATTACKING HIM IN A TORRENT OF SCALDING WORDS.

HE ACCUSED HIM OF BEING A TOOL OF THE "COLONIALISTS" IN THE AGONY OF THE CONGO, AND BELLOWED, "THIS IS SHAMEFUL...." KHRUSHCHEV TOLD HAMMARSKJOLD TO HIS FACE THAT HE SHOULD RESIGN, AND SAID THE SOVIETS NO LONGER WOULD RECOGNIZE HIM AS SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

THROUGH IT ALL, NOT A FLICKER OF EXPRESSION SHOWED IN HAMMARSKJOLD'S WINTRY BLUE EYES.

LATER, HE CALMLY TOLD KHRUSHCHEV HE WOULD NOT RESIGN. AND IN HIS DRY, IMPECCABLY PRECISE VOICE, HE SAID IT WAS THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, NOT HIS FUTURE, THAT WAS AT STAKE.

"IT IS NOT A QUESTION OF THE MAN BUT OF THE INSTITUTION," HE SAID. THIS MEMORABLE SCENE TOOK PLACE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ALMOST A YEAR AGO, ON SEPT. 23, 1960.

THROUGH ALL OF HAMMARSKJOLD'S EIGHT YEARS AS SECRETARY-GENERAL, NO INCIDENT BETTER ILLUSTRATED THE MAN HIMSELF NOR HIS Demeanor IN "THE MOST IMPOSSIBLE JOB IN THE WORLD."

HAMMARSKJOLD'S PREDECESSOR, TRYGVE LIE, COINED THIS DESCRIPTION. HAMMARSKJOLD UNDOUBTEDLY KNEW WHAT HE WAS WALKING INTO WHEN HE TOOK THE JOB, APRIL 10, 1953. JUST BEFORE THEN, HE SAID: "YOU HAVE ONLY TO READ THE NEWSPAPERS TO SEE WHAT IS LOOMING HIGH ON THE HORIZONS OF THE WORLD. THAT WILL BE LOOMING ON MY HORIZON, TOO."

HE MOVED, UNHESITATINGLY, TOWARD THE JAGGED PROBLEMS THAT ROSE ON THE HORIZON--

A TRIP TO RED CHINA TO NEGOTIATE FOR THE RELEASE OF 11 AMERICAN AIRMEN WHO WERE IN PRISON. IT SUCCEEDED.

TO THE MIDDLE EAST TO STRENGTHEN AGREEMENTS BETWEEN ISRAEL AND THE ARAB NATIONS WHICH HAD BEEN IMPERILLED BY BORDER RAIDS.

HE ACTED SWIFTLY TO SET UP A U.N. EMERGENCY FORCE TO POLICE TO GAZA STRIP, BETWEEN ISRAEL AND EGYPT, AFTER THE BRITISH-FRENCH INVASION OF THE SUEZ.

30.24-1703

TO THE MIDDLE EAST WHEN THE CRISIS FLARED IN LEBANON. TO MOSCOW TO TRY TO INITIATE DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS. TO SOUTHEAST ASIA, INCLUDING LAOS, THE CEASE-FIRE LINE IN THE DISPUTE BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN OVER KASHMIR, TO 21 AFRICAN COUNTRIES.

AND, FINALLY, TO THE CONGO THREE TIMES. HE TRAVELLED TIRELESSLY AROUND THE WORLD, ALWAYS IN SEARCH OF SETTLEMENTS, OR AT LEAST THE COMPROMISE, TRYING TO LOWER THE TEMPERATURE IN INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

HE PUT HIS PHILOSOPHY ABOUT NEGOTIATION IN THESE WORDS: "I AM ALWAYS IRRITATED BY TALK OF FAILURE OR SUCCESS OF THIS OR THAT MISSION. THE MEASURE OF SUCCESS IS NOT WHETHER YOU GET WHAT YOU EXPECTED BUT WHETHER, GIVEN THE REAL FACTS OF THE REAL SITUATION, YOU ACHIEVED THE OPTIMUM POSSIBLE."

"IN SEEKING ANY SOLUTION, WE MUST ALWAYS REMEMBER THAT ALL PARTIES HAVE TO CONTINUE TO LIVE TOGETHER."

HE RECALLED THE ADVICE GIVEN HIM BY ONE OF HIS SENIORS WHEN HE WAS BEGINNING HIS CAREER AS A SWEDISH GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL:

"PLEASE, DAG, REMEMBER ONE THING: NEVER ABUSE A TEMPORARY WEAKNESS IN AN OPPONENT."

HAMMARSKJOLD HAD A WIDE BACKGROUND FOR THE POST HE FINALLY CAME TO IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

HIS FATHER, HJALMAR HAMMARSKJOLD, WAS PREMIER OF SWEDEN DURING WORLD WAR I. HAMMARSKJOLD, HAVING BEEN BORN JULY 29, 1906, WAS 9 WHEN THE GREAT CONFLICT STARTED.

HE RECEIVED DEGREES IN LAW AND POLITICAL ECONOMY FROM UPSALA UNIVERSITY IN SWEDEN, AND TAUGHT ECONOMICS FOR A TIME. HE WENT INTO GOVERNMENT SERVICE IN 1936 AS SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE IN SWEDEN, ENTERED THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE IN 1945, AND WAS SECOND MAN IN THE FOREIGN MINISTRY WHEN HE WAS SELECTED FOR THE TOP POST IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

FROM THE FIRST, WHAT IMPRESSED THE DELEGATES AT THE U.N. WERE THE QUALITIES OF COOLNESS AND RETICENCE. HE SPOKE VERY LITTLE AND EVEN THEN, AS THE DIPLOMATS SAY, HIS WORDS MORE OFTEN CONCEALED THAN DISCLOSED HIS POSITION.

"IT'S A QUESTION OF WORDS AND MENTAL ECONOMY," HE ONCE SAID. "I CAN'T, AS YOU SAY, BLOW MY TOP. I HAVE TO BE FRANK BUT WITHOUT HEAT."

HAMMARSKJOLD, IN HIS LATTER YEARS, REMAINED ERECT AND WIRY. HE WAS OF MEDIUM HEIGHT. HE HAD WAVY BLOND HAIR. THE MOST STRIKING FEATURE ABOUT HIM WAS HIS EYES. THEY WERE LIGHT BLUE, KEEN, THOUGHTFUL, UNWAVERING.

HIS NAME IN ENGLISH MEANS "HAMMER SHIELD." IT APPEARS TO HAVE COME INTO EXISTENCE IN 1610 WHEN AN ANCESTOR, AFTER BEING DECORATED FOR BRAVERY IN BATTLE, TOOK THE WORDS FOR HIS COAT-OF-ARMS.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS A BACHELOR.

IN HIS PARK AVENUE RESIDENCE IN NEW YORK, THE BOOKSHELVES WERE CROWDED WITH THE WORKS OF GOETHE, CERVANTES, PROUST, JAMES JOYCE, MODERN FRENCH LITERATURE, MODERN POETRY AND MODERN ART. HE SPOKE FOUR LANGUAGES, SWEDISH, ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN.

HE SMOKED A PIPE, OFTEN WORE TWEEDY SUITS, AND LIKED EXPENSIVE NECKTIES.

ONE OF HIS HOBBIES WAS MOUNTAIN CLIMBING. AND OVER THE FIREPLACE IN HIS RESIDENCE WAS AN ICE AXE GIVEN TO HIM BY THE SHERPA, TENSING NORKAY, WHO CONQUERED MOUNT EVEREST WITH SIR EDMUND HILLARY. IT IS INSCRIBED:

"SO YOU MAY CLIMB TO EVEN GREATER HEIGHTS."
TU636PED

ES3 Q

-ALL POINTS-

WITH HAMMARSKJOLD (320)
NEW YORK, SEPT. 18 (AP)-AMERICAN RELIGIOUS LEADERS TODAY SAW THE DEATH OF UNITED NATIONS SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AS CASTING A CLOUD OVER THE PROPHETIC VISION OF PEACE ON EARTH.

PROTESTANTS, CATHOLICS AND JEWS WERE UNITED IN MOURNING FOR THE MAN WHOSE QUEST FOR WORLD PEACE LED HIM TO THE CONGO AND DEATH IN THE FIERY WRECKAGE OF A PLANE.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS DESCRIBED AS "ONE OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED SONS OF THE LUTHERAN CHURCH" BY DR. PHILIP A. JOHNSON, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE NATIONAL LUTHERAN COUNCIL'S DIVISION OF PUBLIC RELATIONS.

SAID THE REV. DR. FRANKLIN CLARK FRY, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH IN AMERICA, PRESIDENT OF THE LUTHERAN WORLD FEDERATION AND CHAIRMAN OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES:

"CHRISTIANS HAVE RESPECTED HIM FOR HIS SINGLEMINDED DEDICATION TO HIS TASKS, FOR HIS WISDOM AND COURAGE AND FOR HIS SELF-RESTRAINT UNDER VICIOUS ATTACK."

FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN, ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF NEW YORK CALLED HAMMARSKJOLD "A STRONG BULWARK OF DEMOCRACY AND A FEARLESS CHAMPION OF PEACE."

BISHOP PAUL E. MARTIN OF HOUSTON, TEX., PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST CHURCH, EXPRESSED HOPE THAT "THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE MAY BE ADVANCED BY THE APPOINTMENT OF A SUCCESSOR WHO IS CAPABLE OF CONTINUING THE LEADERSHIP OF THIS GIFTED AND DEDICATED MAN."

RABBI JULIUS MARK, PRESIDENT OF THE SYNAGOGUE COUNCIL OF AMERICA, SAID HAMMARSKJOLD HAD "CEASELESSLY FOUGHT FOR PEACE AND WORKED FOR EQUAL JUSTICE FOR ALL, AS WELL AS THE RECOGNITION OF THE UNIVERSAL DIGNITY OF MAN IRRESPECTIVE OF CREED, RACE OR COLOR."

J. IRWIN MILLER, PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES, SEEMED TO SUM UP THE RELIGIOUS LEADERS' FEELINGS WHEN HE SAID:

"THE PURPOSE OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER FOR WHICH HIS (HAMMARSKJOLD'S) LIFE WAS POURED OUT IMPOSE ADDED RESPONSIBILITIES UPON EACH OF US NOW."

"HIS SELFLESS DEVOTION, HIS FEARLESS DEDICATION AND HIS SACRIFICES IN LIFE AND IN DEATH LAY RENEWED CLAIMS UPON US IN THE WORK FOR A WORLD WHICH WE BELIEVE GOD WILLED--A WORLD OF MORE JUSTICE, FREEDOM AND PEACE."

THE REV. EUGENE CARSON BLAKE, STATED CLERK OF THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE U.S.A., SAID:

"ALL WHO HAVE LOOKED TO THE UNITED NATIONS AS A STRONG SUPPORT FOR UNIVERSAL JUSTICE AND WORLD PEACE, WILL MOURN THE TRAGIC LOSS OF DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, ITS GENERAL SECRETARY, AS HE GAVE HIS LIFE IN THE LINE OF DUTY. HIS DEVOTION TO HIS TASK WITHOUT FEAR OR FAVOR TOWARDS ANY QUARTER WILL BE AN EXAMPLE FOR ANY WHO WOULD ESTABLISH THE COMING WORLD COMMUNITY DESPITE THE POLITICAL CHASMS OF OUR DAY."

"IN THE PROVIDENCE OF GOD, LET US PRAY THAT THIS TRAGIC DEATH MAY BE USED BY HIM TO FURTHER THE BRIGHT IDEAL OF PEACE IN THE WORLD FOR WHICH DAG HAMMARSKJOLD GAVE HIS LIFE."

G1122PED

AS (NASHVILLE ASKT)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE DEATH OF U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD CAME 13 YEARS AFTER THAT OF COUNT FOLKE BERNADOTTE, ANOTHER SWEDEN ON A U.N. PEACE MISSION.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS 56, THREE YEARS OLDER THAN BERNADOTTE.

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS KILLED IN A PLANE CRASH IN NORTHERN RHODESIA EN ROUTE TO CEASE-FIRE TALKS WITH PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE OF THE CONGO'S SECESSIONIST KATANGA PROVINCE.

BERNADOTTE WAS U.N. MEDIATOR IN THE 1948 ARAB-ISRAELI PALESTINE WAR WHEN HE WAS SHOT DEAD BY TERRORISTS IN A JERUSALEM STREET. COL. ANDRE SEROT OF FRANCE, WAS KILLED WITH BERNADOTTE ON THEIR PALESTINE MISSION.

OTHER MILITARY OBSERVERS ON LOAN TO THE U.N. WHO DIED WHILE SERVING ON U.N. MISSIONS WERE:

COMMANDANT RENE DE LABARRIERE OF FRANCE, PALESTINE, JULY 6, 1958.

CAPT. PIERRE JEANNEL OF FRANCE, PALESTINE AUG. 28, 1948.

LT. COL. JOSEPH QUERU OF FRANCE, PALESTINE, AUG. 28, 1948.

SGT. LESTER WELLING OF THE UNITED STATES, PALESTINE, DEC. 7, 1948.

CPL. CHARLES F. SMITH OF THE UNITED STATES, PALESTINE, DEC. 7, 1948.

PVT. JULES MARCOURT OF BELGIUM, PALESTINE, FEB. 9, 1949.

1ST LT. WILLIAM O. WAGNER OF THE UNITED STATES, GREECE, FEB. 17, 1949.

LT COL. W.H. GOOD OF BRITAIN, GREECE, FEB. 17, 1949.

LT. COL. PERRY BROWN OF THE UNITED STATES, INDIA-PAKISTAN, JULY 17, 1950.

LT. COL. ROBERT E. MAYFIELD OF THE UNITED STATES, INDIA-PAKISTAN, JULY 17, 1950.

MAJ. RAYMOND A. LEPESQUEUR OF THE UNITED STATES, PALESTINE, DEC. 29, 1950.

LT. COL. NORMAN B. LEWIS OF THE UNITED STATES, INDIA-PAKISTAN, OCT. 15, 1953.

U.N. SECRETARIAT MEMBERS WHO DIED ON U.N. MISSIONS WERE:

OLF NELGE BAKKE OF NORWAY, PALESTINE, JULY 13, 1948.

SANFORD MAJOR OF THE UNITED STATES, INDIA-PAKISTAN, JULY 17, 1950.

BRIG. H.H. ANGLE OF CANADA, INDIA-PAKISTAN, JULY 17, 1950.

PIERRE E. DE CHAZAL OF AUSTRALIA, ITALIAN SOMALILAND, DEC. 16, 1950.

ERIK VESBURG OF DENMARK, PALESTINE, FEB. 24, 1952.

JORGE T. TEODORO OF THE PHILIPPINES, KOREA, DEC. 27, 1952.

HAMILTON FISHER OF THE UNITED STATES, PALESTINE, AUG. 16, 1954.
GORDON WHITEHEAD OF BRITAIN, PALESTINE, FEB. 14, 1949 (CREW
MEMBER OF THE UNITED NATIONS PLANE).

ERIC C.S. BURDEN OF BRITAIN, PALESTINE, FEB. 14, 1949 (CREW
MEMBER OF UNITED NATIONS PLANE).

IN ADDITION, MANY MILITARY PERSONNEL HAVE BEEN KILLED IN THE U.N.
FORCES IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND THE CONGO, AND IN THE KOREAN WAR WAGED
BY THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES WITH U.N. ENDORSEMENT.

KS1255ARD

A63

MOSCOW, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS AND MOSCOW
RADIO TONIGHT REPORTED THE DEATH OF DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WITHOUT ANY
COMMENT INDICATING THE ANIMOSITY THAT HAD BEEN SHOWN HIM EARLIER
BY PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV.

THE TWO SOVIET NEWS SOURCES QUOTED PRINCIPALLY WESTERN NEWS
AGENCIES AS THE SOURCE OF THEIR INFORMATION BUT TOLD ABOUT THE LOSS
OF THE PLANE AND THE DEATH OF HAMMARSKJOLD IN CONSIDERABLE DETAIL.

BOTH THE RADIO AND TASS QUOTED A SPOKESMAN OF THE SWEDISH AIR
COMPANY THAT OWNED THE PLANE AS SAYING IT WAS "SHOT DOWN BY A
BANDIT KATANGA JET FIGHTER."

JS529PED

A150 (110)

SALISBURY, SOUTHERN RHODESIA, SEPT. 18 (AP)-JOSHUA NKOMA, LEADER OF
SOUTHERN RHODESIA'S AFRICAN NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (NDP), SAID
TONIGHT AN INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE AIR CRASH
THAT KILLED SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

HE SAID THE INQUIRY SHOULD SEEK TO DETERMINE WHY HAMMARSKJOLD'S
PLANE DID NOT LAND AT NDOLA AS PLANNED AND WHO PROPOSED THAT THE
MEETING BETWEEN KATANGA PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE AND HAMMARSKJOLD
SHOULD TAKE PLACE AT NDOLA.

A SPOKESMAN OF THE BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE HERE SAID
HIGH COMMISSIONER LORD ALPORT WISHED TO MAKE CLEAR THAT THE PLAN FOR
TALKS BETWEEN TSHOMBE AND HAMMARSKJOLD HAD BEEN LAUNCHED ENTIRELY AT THE
INITIATIVE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL.

JP113PED

A166WX

U R G E N T
HAMMARSKJOLD

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY SAID TODAY DAG
HAMMARSKJOLD DIED IN THE CAUSE OF TOTAL DEDICATION TO PEACE AND "HIS
NAME WILL BE TREASURED HIGH AMONG THE PEACE-MAKERS OF HISTORY."

IN A STATEMENT, KENNEDY SAID HE KNEW HE WAS SPEAKING FOR ALL AMERICANS
IN EXPRESSING HIS PROFOUND SORROW AT THE TRAGIC DEATH OF THE SECRETARY-
GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND HIS ASSOCIATED IN A PLANE CRASH. HE
SAID MILLIONS OF PEOPLE OF ALL NATIONALITIES SHARE THIS SENSE OF
PERSONAL LOSS.

"DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S DEDICATION TO THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND WORLD ORDER
THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS WAS TOTAL," THE PRESIDENT SAID. "HIS CAPA-
CITY FOR WORK TO BRING THIS ABOUT ALREADY IS LEGENDARY. HIS PATIENCE
SURPASSED THE ENDURANCE OF ALL BUT THE RAREST OF HUMAN BEINGS. AND
HIS LIFE IS A TRIBUTE TO THE ABILITY OF CIVILIZED MEN TO LIVE BY THE
PRINCIPLES OF IMPARTIAL JUSTICE."

30.24-1705

"DAG HAMMARSKJOLD DIED YESTERDAY IN THE CAUSE FOR WHICH HE
LIVED. BUT THE UNITED NATIONS IS A BETTER AND STRONGER ORGANIZATION
--AND A HIGHER HOPE FOR MANKIND--BECAUSE OF HIS SERVICE TO IT. HIS NAME
WILL BE TREASURED HIGH AMONG THE PEACE-MAKERS OF HISTORY.
"I PRAY THAT HIS FINAL SACRIFICE WILL INSPIRE ALL MEMBERS OF THE
UNITED NATIONS TO COMPLETE THE TASK FOR WHICH HE DIED."
SR103PED

NEW YORK, SEPT. 18 (AP)-JUST LAST NIGHT FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY
S. TRUMAN COMMENTED THAT HE HOPED NOTHING WOULD HAPPEN TO DAG
HAMMARSKJOLD, U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL WHO WAS KILLED IN A PLANE
CRASH TODAY.

TRUMAN WAS BEING QUESTIONED ON A TELEVISION SHOW BY DAVID
SUSSKIND WHO REMARKED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD'S "TENURE AT THE END OF
THIS PERIOD OF OFFICE SEEMS TO BE THREATENED BY THE RUSSIANS."

TRUMAN REPLIED: "OH WELL, WHEN A MAN DOES WHAT'S RIGHT, HE'S
ALWAYS THREATENED. AND HE'S DONE THE RIGHT THING. AND I DON'T
THINK ANYTHING WILL HAPPEN TO HIM--AT LEAST, I HOPE NOT."

EARLIER TRUMAN HAD SAID "HE'S DONE A WONDERFUL JOB. HE'S A
GOOD MAN. AND I KNOW HE'S GOOD BECAUSE THE RUSSIANS ARE AGAINST
HIM."

JS118PED

EB1CX
(160)

CHICAGO, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS PREPARED FOR THE
POSSIBILITY OF WAR, SAYS SECRETARY OF THE ARMY ELVIS J. STAHR JR., AND
AMERICANS MUST WAKE UP TO THE FACT THAT THEY MUST STOP THE COMMUNISTS
NOW OR FACE ULTIMATE DESTRUCTION.

"OUR WILLINGNESS TO MEET FORCE WITH FORCE IS CLEARLY EVIDENT,"
STAHR SAID IN AN ADDRESS YESTERDAY AT THE 22ND ANNIVERSARY OBSERVANCE
OF THE INVASION OF POLAND. "OUR ADAMANT DETERMINATION TO FIGHT, IF
NECESSARY, FOR THE FREEDOM OF WEST BERLIN, AND ACCESS TO IT, OR TO
REBUFF AGGRESSION AGAINST THE FREE WORLD ANYWHERE ELSE IT MIGHT BE
ATTEMPTED, HAS BEEN STATED IN UNEQUIVOCAL TERMS."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES IS READY TO FIGHT EITHER A LIMITED WAR
OR ONE USING NUCLEAR WEAPONS, ADDING:

"WE MUST FIRMLY DRAW THE LINE HERE AND NOW AGAINST ANY FURTHER
CAPITULATION TO THE COMMUNISTS--ANY FURTHER SURRENDER OF BITS AND
PIECES OF THE FREE WORLD, HOWEVER SMALL OR UNIMPORTANT SOME PEOPLE
MIGHT CONSIDER THEM."

"IF WE SHOULD ALLOW THIS NIBBLING PROCESS TO CONTINUE, IT COULD
HAVE BUT ONE RESULT--A CUMULATIVE DEFEAT WHICH WOULD LEAD TO OUR OWN
ULTIMATE DESTRUCTION. IT IS TIME FOR EVERY AMERICAN TO WAKE UP TO
THAT ELEMENTAL FACT."

EC-EG733PCD NM

A53WX

(180) SOVIET FIRE

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE CAUSE OF THE RECENT FIRE IN THE RUSSIAN
AMBASSADOR'S BEDROOM REMAINS A MYSTERY. BUT THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAYS
THE BLAZE DEFINITELY WASN'T STARTED BY AN INTRUDER AND EVIDENCE POINTS
TO AN INSIDE JOB.

THE SOVIET EMBASSY HAD CONTENDED THAT THE FIRE IN AMBASSADOR MIKHAIL
MENSHIKOV'S THIRD FLOOR BEDROOM SEPT. 9 WAS STARTED BY SOMEONE WHO
ENTERED FROM THE OUTSIDE. MENSHIKOV WAS ABSENT AT THE TIME OF THE
FIRE.

THE EMBASSY STAFF PUT OUT THE BLAZE. THEN PROTESTED TO SECRETARY

OF STATE DEAN RUSK AGAINST WHAT IT CALLED AN "UNPRECEDENTED CRIMINAL ACT" BY "UNKNOWN PERSONS."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED SATURDAY THAT AFTER THOROUGH INVESTIGATION "IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT THERE IS NO SUBSTANCE TO THE SOVIET ALLEGATION THAT THE FIRE AT THE EMBASSY ON SEPT. 9 WAS STARTED BY SOMEONE ENTERING THE EMBASSY FROM THE OUTSIDE."

PRESS OFFICER JOSEPH W. REAP SAID HE HAD NO IDEA WHY THE RUSSIANS WOULD CAUSE THE BLAZE THEMSELVES OR WHETHER IT WAS DONE ACCIDENTALLY OR DELIBERATELY.

INVESTIGATORS FROM THE WASHINGTON POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENTS, AIDED BY STATE DEPARTMENT SECURITY AGENTS, SAID THEY FOUND SOME PAPERS BURNED, ALONG WITH WINDOW DRAPES, WINDOW FRAMING AND TWO TWIN BEDS. SOME WINDOW GLASS WAS BROKEN, THEY SAID, BUT THE EVIDENCE POINTED TO AN INSIDE JOB.

PB641AED

A44 (DT FW)

ADVANCE FOR 6 A.M. EST (CORRECT) TODAY

WITH RUSK-GROMYKO (A23)

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT HAS TOLD THE UNITED STATES THAT IT WILL NOT PARTICIPATE IN ANY ALLIED CONFERENCE WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON BERLIN AND GERMANY UNDER PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES, THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD, A WASHINGTON DISPATCH TO THE TIMES ADDED, THAT THIS MESSAGE WAS CONVEYED TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY PERSONALLY IN THE PRESENCE OF THE BRITISH AND WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTERS BY FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE AT A LUNCHEON IN THE WHITE HOUSE LAST FRIDAY.

THE STORY ALSO SAID IN PART:

COUVE DE MURVILLE, WHO FORMERLY SERVED IN BOTH WASHINGTON AND BONN AS FRENCH AMBASSADOR, TOLD THE ALLIED LEADERS THAT HIS GOVERNMENT BELIEVED THAT THE SOVIET UNION WAS TRYING TO IMPOSE ITS OWN SOLUTION OF THE GERMAN PROBLEM ON THE WEST.

HE SAID IT COULD BE STOPPED FROM DOING SO--NOT BY PROPOSING A FOUR-POWER CONFERENCE WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON GERMANY--BUT BY WARNING MOSCOW THAT ANY ATTEMPT TO INTERFERE WITH THE WEST'S RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS TO SUPPLY THE MILITARY AND CIVILIAN POPULATION OF BERLIN WOULD LEAD TO WAR.

JG543AED

A17WX (WEST GERMAN FIGHTERS)

GERMAN PLANES (160)

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-A U.S. SPOKESMAN TODAY REJECTED A SOVIET CHARGE THAT TWO WEST GERMAN JET FIGHTERS DELIBERATELY FLEW ACROSS EAST GERMAN TERRITORY.

HE SAID THE PILOTS HAD ONLY MADE "AN HONEST ERROR."

IN USING THESE WORDS, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER JOSEPH W. REAP IN EFFECT DENIED THE ACCUSATIONS SENT TO THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE BY THE SOVIET UNION YESTERDAY.

REAP SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THE WESTERN ALLIES HAVE NOT DECIDED YET WHETHER THEY WILL REPLY WITH A FORMAL DIPLOMATIC NOTE.

THE WESTERN AMBASSADORIAL GROUP WHICH HAS BEEN MEETING REGULARLY ON THE BERLIN CRISIS WAS EXPECTED TO TAKE UP THIS QUESTION AT A SESSION THIS AFTERNOON.

THE INCIDENT OCCURRED LAST THURSDAY, WHEN TWO WEST GERMAN F84S FLEW ACROSS EAST GERMAN TERRITORY AND LANDED AT FRENCH-CONTROLLED AIRPORT IN WEST BERLIN.

THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT SPEEDILY APOLOGIZED TO THE SOVIETS, SAYING THE PLANES STRAYED OVER THE COMMUNIST TERRITORY BECAUSE OF TECHNICAL TROUBLE.

THE SOVIET NOTE SAID THE FLIGHT WAS "A PRE-ARRANGED PROVOCATION" TO INFLAME INTERNATIONAL TENSION. THE REDS THREATENED TO SHOOT DOWN "ANY VIOLATING MILITARY FIGHTING AIRCRAFT" IN THE FUTURE.

DY224PED NM

A108 (200)

MOSCOW, SEPT. 18 (AP)-PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TOLD FORMER FRENCH PREMIER PAUL REYNAUD LAST FRIDAY THERE ARE SEVERAL SOLUTIONS FOR THE BERLIN CRISIS, AMONG THEM ESTABLISHMENT OF UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS IN THE DISPUTED CITY.

REYNAUD, IN A STATEMENT ISSUED TODAY DESCRIBING A THREE-HOUR CONVERSATION WITH KHRUSHCHEV, SAID HE LEFT THE KREMLIN "WITH A FEELING OF HOPE ON THE OUTCOME OF THE NEGOTIATIONS WHICH ARE TO BE HELD."

THE 83-YEAR-OLD FRENCH STATESMAN SAID THE SOVIET LEADER LAID DOWN HIS USUAL DEMAND FOR WESTERN RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY AND THE TRANSFORMATION OF ALLIED-HELD WEST BERLIN INTO A "FREE CITY."

"HE CONSIDERS THAT WEST BERLIN AS A FREE CITY AND EAST GERMANY HAVE TO MAKE RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS OF NONINTERFERENCE IN EACH OTHER'S AFFAIRS," REYNAUD'S STATEMENT SAID.

"TO MILITARY GUARANTEES TO BE GIVEN WEST BERLIN, KHRUSHCHEV INDICATED AGAIN SEVERAL SOLUTIONS, ANY ONE OF WHICH MIGHT BE CHOSEN."

REYNAUD SAID THE SOVIET PREMIER TOLD HIM AN ARBITRATION ORGAN MIGHT BE SET UP TO MEDIATE ANY CONFLICT THAT MIGHT ARISE AFTER A SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN-PROBLEM. "HE SAID THIS MIGHT BE DONE ON THE CONDITION THAT EACH OF THE PARTIES "BE EQUITABLY REPRESENTED."

"HE TOLD ME AMONG OTHER THINGS THAT HE WAS ENTIRELY IN AGREEMENT WITH ESTABLISHING IN WEST BERLIN THE SEAT OF THE UNITED NATIONS WHICH PROVES, HE INSISTED, THE DISINTERESTEDNESS OF THE SOVIET UNION REGARDING THAT CITY," REYNAUD WENT ON.

KHRUSHCHEV HAD PREVIOUSLY TOLD BRITISH LABORITE MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT KONNI ZILLIACUS HE WOULD NOT OBJECT TO U.N. HEADQUARTERS IN A FREE CITY OF WEST BERLIN.

JS1011AED

E27 (GE)

LAKE PLACID, N.Y., SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE SHOULD BE STRENGTHENED "TO PREPARE THE MACHINERY FOR THE DAY WHEN THE WHOLE WORLD MAY BE WILLING TO ACCEPT PEACE THROUGH LAW," THOMAS E. DEWEY SAYS.

DEWEY, FORMER NEW YORK GOVERNOR AND TWICE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT, URGED REPEAL OF RESERVATIONS ON U.S. MEMBERSHIP IN THE INTERNATIONAL COURT.

HE CITED THE BERLIN CRISIS AS EVIDENCE OF SHORTCOMINGS OF THE PRESENT SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL LAW AND WORLD COURTS.

"THE VERY FACT THAT THE WEST AND THE SOVIETS CAN MARSHAL ARGUMENTS FROM THE COUNTLESS PROTOCOLS, ORDERS, AGREEMENTS, TREATIES AND UNDERSTANDINGS OVER GERMANY INDICATE THAT, AT LEAST AT SOME STAGES, BOTH SIDES NEEDED A GOOD LAWYER."

RUSSIAN RECOGNITION OF THE SIGNIFICANCE OF LEGAL RIGHTS "MEANS THAT THESE PEOPLE WHO ARE NOW ACTING LIKE BARBARIANS REALIZE THAT CIVILIZATION DOES INDEED HAVE ITS VIRTUES," HE SAID.

DEWEY, IN A SPEECH SATURDAY AT THE ANNUAL JUDICIAL CONFERENCE OF THE SECOND U.S. JUDICIAL DISTRICT, SAID:

"THEY MUST KNOW THAT IF THEY FAIL TO CONQUER THE WORLD BY FORCE AND SUBVERSION, THEY WILL SOMEDAY HAVE TO LIVE IN A WORLD GOVERNED BY LAW."

"FOR THIS REASON, THE MOVEMENT FOR PEACE THROUGH LAW AMONG THE LAWYERS OF THE WORLD HAS GENUINE SUBSTANCE."

"WE OF THE FREE WORLD HAVE A GIANT UNDERTAKING IMMEDIATELY AT HAND... TO PREPARE THE MACHINERY FOR THE DAY WHEN THE WHOLE WORLD MAY BE WILLING TO ACCEPT PEACE THROUGH LAW."

DEWEY, IN HIS DISCUSSION OF THE SHORTCOMINGS OF PRESENT WORLD LAW, SAID THE METHOD OF TREATY-MAKING NEEDED MODERNIZATION AND GAPS IN THE BODY OF INTERNATIONAL LAW NEEDED TO BE FILLED BY INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.

THE RESERVATION HE SAID SHOULD BE REPEALED WAS ADDED BY THE U.S. SENATE WHEN IT APPROVED U.S. PARTICIPATION IN THE WORLD COURT. THE SENATE

TORS RESERVED THE RIGHT TO DETERMINE WHETHER ANY MATTER AFFECTING THE
UNITED STATES WAS WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURT.
GG410AED

SB26WX (SEG)

(210) CIVIL DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-SEVEN GOVERNORS HAVE MET WITH PENTAGON
AND CIVIL DEFENSE EXPERTS TO TRY TO DEVELOP A PROGRAM TO PREPARE
AMERICANS TO SURVIVE NUCLEAR WAR.

GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER OF NEW YORK, CHAIRMAN OF THE GOVERNORS'
CONFERENCE ON CIVIL DEFENSE, SAID THE DISCUSSION, WHICH LASTED UNTIL
ALMOST MIDNIGHT LAST NIGHT, CENTERED ON FAMILY FALLOUT SHELTERS.

THE GOVERNORS HEARD FEDERAL EXPERTS DISCUSS CIVIL DEFENSE PROB-
LEMS FACING THE NATION. THEY HEARD FROM PENTAGON SPOKESMEN AND ALSO
FRANK ELLIS, DIRECTOR OF CIVIL AND DEFENSE MOBILIZATION, AND GEN.
C.P. CABELL, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

PRESENT IN ADDITION TO ROCKEFELLER WERE GOVS. FARRIS BRYANT OF
FLORIDA, EDMUND G. BROWN OF CALIFORNIA, ERNEST E. VANDIVER OF GEORGIA,
JOHN A. VOLPE OF MASSACHUSETTS, ELMER L. ANDERSON OF MINNESOTA AND
GEORGE CLYDE OF UTAH.

LOUISIANA, NEW HAMPSHIRE, WEST VIRGINIA AND RHODE ISLAND WERE
REPRESENTED BY OTHER HIGH OFFICIALS.

THE PENTAGON HAS ALLOTTED \$12 MILLION TO THE STATES FOR PERSONNEL
AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS IN THEIR CIVIL DEFENSE PROGRAMS. UNDER THIS
PLAN FUNDS MUST BE MATCHED BY STATES AND LOCALITIES ON A 50-50
BASIS. CONGRESS HAS VOTED \$207 MILLION FOR A FALLOUT SHELTER PRO-
GRAM.

BROWN TOLD REPORTERS THE GOVERNORS' SESSION WAS "THE MOST TANGIBLE
EVIDENCE OF REAL HELP WE HAVE HAD IN THIS MATTER" FROM THE FEDERAL
GOVERNMENT. HE SAID HE LIKED THE PROGRAM PROPOSED BY THE ADMINIS-
TRATION.

ONE MAJOR PROBLEM, BROWN SAID, IS WHERE TO FIND MONEY TO FINANCE
SHELTERS AND OTHER CIVIL DEFENSE NEEDS.

PB517AED NM

A118

U R G E N T.

MOSCOW, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED TODAY THE FIRING
OF ANOTHER LONG-RANGE ROCKET INTO THE CENTRAL PACIFIC. IT WAS THE
SECOND OF THE PRESENT SERIES.

TASS, OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY, SAID THE LAUNCHING OF THE MULTISTAGE
CARRIER ROCKET WAS SUCCESSFUL AND "THE FLIGHT OF THE ROCKET AND THE
FUNCTIONING OF ALL ITS SYSTEMS TOOK PLACE IN FULL CONFORMITY WITH
THE SET PROGRAM."

"THE HIGH-PRECISION CONTROL SYSTEM INSURED THE LANDING OF THE
DUMMY OF THE LAST STAGE OF THE ROCKET IN THE IMMEDIATE PROXIMITY TO
THE SPOT WHERE THE FIRST ROCKET, LAUNCHED ON SEPT. 13 THIS YEAR,
LANDED," TASS SAID.

THE FIRING WAS FROM AN UNDISCLOSED POINT, BUT TASS SAID THE
ROCKET TRAVELED A DISTANCE EXCEEDING 12,000 KILOMETERS (7,500 MILES),
ABOUT THE SAME AS THAT ON SEPT. 13. THE SEPT. 13 ROCKET, THE RUSSIANS
ANNOUNCED, LANDED LESS THAN HALF A MILE FROM THE TARGET.

THE TARGET AREA IS NEAR THE PALMYRA ISLANDS MORE THAN 1,000
MILES SOUTHWEST OF HAWAII. THE SOVIET UNION HAS CONDUCTED TWO
PREVIOUS SERIES OF SHOTS INTO THE SAME AREA.

TASS SAID THERE WOULD BE OTHER ROCKETS FIRED IN THE PRESENT SERIES.
THERE HAS BEEN SPECULATION THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE SEEKING TO
PERFECT A CARRIER FOR HUGE NEW SOVIET H-BOMBS.

JS1052AED

30.24-1707

A105WX

(130) NIGHT LEAD SOVIET-NUCLEAR
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION EXPLODED ITS 13TH NUCLEAR
DEVICE TODAY SINCE ITS RESUMPTION OF TESTING SEPT. 1.

IT WAS AN ATMOSPHERIC BLAST LIKE THE 12 PRECEDING ONES. THE ATOMIC
ENERGY COMMISSION SAID TODAY'S WAS "ON THE ORDER OF A MEGATON YIELD."
A MEGATON IS THE EQUIVALENT OF ONE MILLION TONS OF TNT. IT WAS THE
FIFTH OF THIS HEAVY CALIBER.

IT OCCURRED IN THE VICINITY OF NOVAYA ZEMLYA, AN ISLAND IN THE ARCTIC
AND CLOSELY FOLLOWED TWO OTHER SOVIET DETONATIONS OVER THE WEEKEND.
THE UNITED STATES, FORCED TO RESUME TESTING BY THE RUSSIAN TESTS, HAS SET
OFF TWO SMALL-YIELD DEVICES IN NEVADA, BOTH UNDERGROUND.

TODAY'S AEC ANNOUNCEMENT SAID:
"THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ANNOUNCED THIS AFTERNOON THAT THE
SOVIET UNION AGAIN CONDUCTED A NUCLEAR DETONATION IN THE ATMOSPHERE
EARLY TODAY. THE DETONATION WAS ON THE ORDER OF A MEGATON YIELD AND
OCCURRED IN THE VICINITY OF NOVAYA ZEMLYA."

EG829PED

B6WX Q

(230) FIRST LEAD EISENHOWER-BERLIN
WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-REPUBLICANS CONTINUED PRESSING THE
STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY TO CLEAR GEN. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER OF RESPON-
SIBILITY FOR THE WORLD WAR II DIVISION OF GERMANY.

REP. MELVIN LAIRD, R-WIS., TOLD THE HOUSE THE STATE DEPARTMENT
HAS YET TO SAY WHETHER THE NEW EDITION OF A PAMPHLET ON BERLIN WILL
CLARIFY THE ROLE PLAYED BY EISENHOWER AS ALLIED SUPREME COMMANDER.

HE SAID SECRETARY DEAN RUSK HAD EXPRESSED PERSONAL REGRETS
ABOUT AN EARLIER EDITION OF THE PAMPHLET WHICH LAIRD SAID MISREPRE-
SENTED EISENHOWER'S ROLE.

LAIRD SUBMITTED FOR THE RECORD THE EISENHOWER VERSION GIVEN
VISITING REPUBLICANS AT GETTYSBURG LAST WEEK. HE INCLUDED A LETTER
FROM RUSK REITERATING THAT THE BERLIN PAMPHLET "CAST NO REFLECTION
ON GENERAL EISENHOWER OR SUGGESTED THAT ALLIED MILITARY ACTION WAS
NOT FULLY UNDER THE DIRECTION OF RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENTS."

LAIRD NOTED THAT THE RUSK LETTER, DATED SEPT. 11, SAID NOTHING
ABOUT REVISING THE PAMPHLET STATEMENT THAT THE WESTERN ARMIES "COULD
HAVE CAPTURED BERLIN OR AT LEAST JOINED IN CAPTURING IT....BUT THE
SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER, GENERAL EISENHOWER, BELIEVED THAT THEY
COULD BE MORE USEFULLY EMPLOYED AGAINST THE MAJOR GERMAN FORCES
ELSEWHERE."

EISENHOWER SAID THAT "THE POLITICAL LEADERS OF THE DAY" DETER-
MINED THE OCCUPATION DIVISION OF GERMANY "DESPITE CONTRARY MILITARY
ADVICE."

EISENHOWER SAID "IT IS NOT CORRECT" TO DRAW ANY "INFERENCE"
THAT MILITARY ACTION, TAKEN SUBSEQUENTLY TO THE POLITICAL DECISION
FOR OCCUPATION, PLAYED A SIGNIFICANT ROLE IN PRODUCING THE POLITICAL
SITUATION TODAY IN GERMANY.

EISENHOWER SAID "IT IS INDEED A VENTURESOME MILITARY OFFICER WHO
WOULD NOW CONTENT THAT THE WESTERN FORCES MIGHT HAVE TAKEN BERLIN
BEFORE THE SOVIETS COULD OR DID."

HE SAID THE WESTERN ALLIES' FRONT AT THE TIME WAS SOME 250 MILES OR
MORE TO THE WEST OF BERLIN WHILE THE SOVIETS WERE 35 MILES TO THE EAST
OF THE CITY.

THE FORMER PRESIDENT, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF ALLIED FORCES DURING
WORLD WAR II, SAID A STATE DEPARTMENT PAMPHLET HAD CONFUSED HISTORY WHEN

IT IMPLIED HE HAD PASSED UP A CHANCE TO CAPTURE BERLIN.
HE ADDED THAT ANY INFERENCE THAT MILITARY ACTION TAKEN AFTER THE
POLITICAL DECISION FOR OCCUPATION OF GERMANY "PLAYED A SIGNIFICANT ROLE
IN PRODUCING THE POLITICAL SITUATION TODAY PREVAILING IN GERMANY IS NOT
CORRECT."

EISENHOWER COMMENTS, SIMILAR TO OTHERS HE HAS MADE RECENTLY ON THE
SAME SUBJECT, WERE IN A LETTER TO REP. MELVIN R. LAIRD, R-WIS.
LAIRD SAID ON SEPT. 7 IN A HOUSE SPEECH THAT A RECENT STATE DEPART-
MENT PAMPHLET, "BACKGROUND BERLIN--1961", CONTAINED DELIBERATE MISRE-
PRESENTATION OF THE BACKGROUND ON THE BERLIN SITUATION.

THE PAMPHLET SAID THE WESTERN ARMIES COULD HAVE CAPTURED BERLIN OR
AT LEAST JOINED IN CAPTURING IT. IT ADDED:

"BUT THE SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER, GEN. EISENHOWER, BELIEVED THAT
THEY COULD BE MORE USEFULLY EMPLOYED AGAINST THE MAJOR GERMAN FORCES
ELSEWHERE. AS A RESULT THE SOVIETS CAPTURED BERLIN, BUT WHEN GERMANY
SURRENDERED, THE WESTERN ARMIES HLED MUCH MORE, AND THE SOVIETS MUCH
LESS, THAN THE AREAS ASSIGNED TO THEM BY THE FOUR-POWER OCCUPATION
AGREEMENT OF SEPTEMBER, 1944."

EISENHOWER, IN HIS LETTER TO LAIRD, SAID:

"NOT ONLY DOES THE STATE DEPARTMENT PAMPHLET CONFUSE HISTORY BY ITS
ATTEMPT TO TELESCOPE INTO A SENTENCE OR A PARAGRAPH THE EVENTS OF MONTHS,
BUT I THINK IT IS CLEAR THAT THERE ARE ERRONEOUS IMPLICATIONS AND
INFERENCES TO BE DRAWN FROM THE DOCUMENT. THE SECRETARY OF STATE (DEAN
RUSK) HAS TOLD ME THAT NONE OF THESE WERE INTENDED."

THE POLITICAL LEADERS OF THE DAY, EISENHOWER SAID, DETERMINED LONG
BEFORE THE CLOSING CAMPAIGN OF THE WAR UPON DIVIDING GERMANY FOR
OCCUPATIONAL PURPOSES.

"THEY DECIDED UPON THIS COURSE DESPITE CONTRARY MILITARY ADVICE,"
EISENHOWER WROTE LAIRD.

HE SAID HE URGED A DIFFERENT SOLUTION FOR BERLIN THAN WAS AGREED UPON
IN LONDON "AND WHICH I HAVE ALWAYS UNDERSTOOD WAS FINALLY APPROVED BY
THE HEADS OF GOVERNMENT AT YALTA."

LAIRD ALSO RELEASED A REPLY FROM SECRETARY RUSK TO HIS TELEGRAM ASK-
ING RUSK TO WITHDRAW THE PAMPHLET FROM PUBLICATION.

RUSK SAID THE DEPARTMENT CAST NO REFLECTION ON EISENHOWER OR SUG-
GESTED THAT ALLIED MILITARY ACTION WAS NOT FULLY UNDER THE DIRECTION
OF RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENTS.

"THE PORTION OF THE PUBLICATION WHICH SEEMS TO HAVE DISTURBED YOU,"
RUSK WROTE LAIRD, "WAS AIMED AT REJECTING THE SOVIET CLAIM THAT THE
CAPTURE OF BERLIN BY SOVIET FORCES SOMEHOW GAVE THEM SOME SUPERIOR
POSITION WITH RESPECT TO THAT CITY REGARDLESS OF ALLIED AGREEMENTS."

"WE TRIED TO POINT OUT THAT ALLIED FORCES IN FACT CAPTURED THREE
GERMAN PROVINCES, WITH A POPULATION OF 8 MILLION PEOPLE, WHICH WERE
TURNED OVER TO THE SOVIETS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SAME FOUR-POWER
OCCUPATION AGREEMENT WHICH PROVIDED FOR OUR RIGHTS IN BERLIN."

"LET ME EMPHASIZE AGAIN THAT THE PURPOSE OF THIS PORTION OF THE
PUBLICATION WAS TO MEET A POINT OF SOVIET PROPAGANDA."

LAIRD SAID THAT ALTHOUGH HE RECEIVED THE LETTER FROM RUSK HE HAD
RECEIVED NO WORD AS TO WHETHER THE SECOND PRINTING OF THE PAMPHLET
WILL BE CHANGED.

THE SECRETARY'S LETTER, LAIRD SAID, "DOES NOT FACE UP TO THE FACTS
AND I AGAIN CALL ON HIM TO IMMEDIATELY CORRECT THE GREAT INJUSTICE DONE
TO GEN. EISENHOWER."

JK652AED NM

A50 (280)

NIGHT LEAD BOMB

BY GODFREY ANDERSON

LONDON, SEPT. 18 (AP)--MAGISTRATES WORKED IN RELAYS TODAY TO NIP A
CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE CAMPAIGN BY BRITAIN'S BAN-THE-BOMB NUCLEAR
DISARMERS.

TEN LONDON COURTS AND ONE IN SCOTLAND OPERATED AT A BRISK CLIP,
SLAPPING FINES--AND A FEW JAIL SENTENCES--ON HUNDREDS OF THE NEARLY
1,700 ARRESTED IN A WEEKEND SIT-DOWN PROTEST IN LONDON'S TRAFALGAR

SQUARE AND AT THE U. S. POLARIS SUBMARINE BASE AT HOLY LOCH.

EARL BERTRAND RUSSELL, JAILED A WEEK AGO AS LEADER OF THE BAN-
THE-BOMBERS, WAS LET OUT OF BRIXTON PRISON A FEW HOURS BEFORE THE
COURTS GOT DOWN TO WORK. DEFIANT AND UNREPENTANT, THE
89-YEAR-OLD PACIFIST CALLED TO HIS FOLLOWERS "RESIST WHILE TIME
PERMITS. ABANDON NUCLEAR WEAPONS NOW."

THERE HAS BEEN NOTHING QUITE LIKE THE BAN-THE-BOMB MOVEMENT SINCE
MILITANT SUFFRAGETTES CHAINED THEMSELVES TO THE RAILINGS OF DOWNING
STREET HALF A CENTURY AGO AND FINALLY WON THE WOMEN'S VOTE.

MEN, WOMEN AND ADOLESCENTS, FAMED AND UNKNOWN, THE
DEMONSTRATORS WERE ARRAIGNED 10 AT A TIME ON THE CHARGE OF
DISREGARDING POLICE DIRECTIONS TO CLEAR THE STREETS. A FEW WERE
ACCUSED OF ASSAULTING OR INSULTING POLICEMEN AND THAT COST THEM
MORE. BUT MOST PAID FINES OF ONE OR TWO POUNDS (\$2.80 OR \$5.60).
THOSE WHO WOULDN'T PAY WERE JAILED.

PLAYWRIGHT JOHN OSBORNE, BRITAIN'S ANGRY YOUNG MAN WHO WROTE
"LOOK BACK IN ANGER," SAID HE TOOK PART IN THE TRAFALGAR SQUARE
SIT-DOWN WITH THE INTENTION OF GOING TO JAIL. HE DID NOT GET
THAT SATISFACTION BUT HAD TO PAY ONE POUND.

SHELAGH DELANEY, ANOTHER PLAYWRIGHT WHO WROTE "A TASTE OF
HONEY," PAID DOUBLE THAT FINE, AS DID ACTRESS VANESSA REDGRAVE.
ONE DEFENDANT CRIED:

"(ADOLF) EICHMANN WAS EXPECTED TO PROTEST AGAINST HIS GOVERNMENT'S
POLICY. WHEN ARE WE EXPECTED TO PROTEST AGAINST OURS?"

ANOTHER DISGRUNTLED SIT-DOWNER COMPLAINED OF WHAT HE CALLED
"SELECTIVE ARRESTING." HE SAID ABOUT 10,000 PEOPLE SAT DOWN IN
TRAFALGAR SQUARE YESTERDAY BUT ONLY A FEW MORE THAN 1,300 WERE
ARRESTED.

JS445PED

A102WX

(270) THURMOND (NIGHT LEAD TO SOME REGIONALS)

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)--SEN. STROM THURMOND, D-S.C., CHARGED
TODAY THAT TWO AIR FORCE OFFICERS WERE DISCIPLINED FOR SHOWING THE FILM
"OPERATION ABOLITION" TO RESERVE OFFICERS IN SEATTLE.

AN AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN DISPUTED THURMOND'S STATEMENT.
THE FILM DEALS WITH RIOTING IN SAN FRANCISCO DURING A HEARING OF THE
HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES. A CONTROVERSY HAS DEVELOPED
OVER WHETHER IT PRESENTS AN ACCURATE PICTURE OF WHAT HAPPENED, BUT THUR-
MOND CALLS IT A VALUABLE FILM.

THURMOND TOLD THE SENATE:
THAT LT. COL. FRED W. HOLBEIN, COMMANDING OFFICER OF THE 2648TH AIR
RESERVE CENTER, WAS RELIEVED OF COMMAND.

THAT MAJ. BOB E. COOPER WAS SUSPENDED FROM DUTY AS DIRECTOR OF TRAIN-
ING OF THE 2648TH AIR RESERVE SECTOR, VANCOUVER BARRACKS, WASH.

THE AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN SAID NO DISCIPLINARY ACTION WAS INVOLVED.
PENDING A FURTHER CHECK, HE SAID HE WAS UNABLE TO GIVE FULL DETAILS BUT
THAT HE UNDERSTOOD THE TWO OFFICERS WERE BEING GIVEN OTHER JOBS, NOT
BECAUSE THEY SHOWED THE FILM, BUT BECAUSE THEY DID NOT FOLLOW CERTAIN
INSTRUCTIONS TO DO SOMETHING ELSE IN THE TRAINING PROGRAM.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT DENIES ANY OUTRIGHT BAN ON THE FILM. IT SAYS
IT IS "ON CALL" IN ITS FILM LIBRARIES BUT "WILL NOT BE PRESCRIBED IN
THE TRAINING OF PERSONNEL."

THURMOND CONTENTS THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAS REALLY BANNED THE FILM,
THOUGH IN CAGEY LANGUAGE. HE SAID TODAY:

"UNFORTUNATELY, IT APPEARS THAT LT. COL. HOLBEIN AND MAJ. COOPER WERE
NOT DISCERNING ENOUGH TO GET THE IMPLIED MESSAGE THAT THE FILM WAS NOT
TASOO."

EG817PED

A39WX (BJT)
(530) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD RADIOACTIVITY
BY FRANK CAREY

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)—THE POLAR AIR MASS WHICH BROKE A HEAT WAVE OVER THE WEEKEND MAY BE RESPONSIBLE ALSO FOR A SIMULTANEOUS SHARP INCREASE IN ATMOSPHERIC RADIOACTIVITY IN 12 EASTERN AND NORTHERN STATES. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE DISCLOSED THE JUMP IN RADIOACTIVITY -- TRACEABLE TO RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TESTING -- TODAY. THE U.S. WEATHER BUREAU STUDIED ITS CHARTS AND CAME UP WITH THE THEORY THAT THE WELCOME COOL AIR AND THE UNWELCOME HOT FALLOUT WERE CONNECTED. SECRETARY OF WELFARE ABRAHAM RIBICOFF ANNOUNCED THAT THE LEVELS OF RADIOACTIVITY NOW REACHED, IF MAINTAINED FOR A PROLONGED PERIOD, WOULD CONSTITUTE A HEALTH MENACE.

SHORTLY AFTER RIBICOFF'S ANNOUNCEMENT, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION REPORTED THE 13TH RUSSIAN ATMOSPHERIC BLAST SINCE THE SOVIET UNION RESUMED TESTING SEPT. 1. THIS WAS THE FIFTH OF THE SERIES DESCRIBED AS IN THE MEGATON RANGE -- EQUIVALENT TO A MILLION TONS OF TNT.

DR. LESTER MACHTA OF THE U.S. WEATHER BUREAU TOLD A REPORTER HE FIGURES THE SITUATION THIS WAY:

1. SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE RUSSIAN TESTS, MOST OF THE RADIOACTIVE DEBRIS REACHING NORTH AMERICA HAS BEEN CARRIED OVER CANADA AND POINTS TO THE NORTH, BECAUSE OF THE HIGH LATITUDES OF THE RUSSIAN TEST SITES.

2. WITH MOVEMENT OF THE POLAR AIR MASS DOWN FROM CANADA IN A SPREAD ALL THE WAY FROM THE EAST COAST TO THE ROCKIES, A LARGER PROPORTION OF FALLOUT DRIFTED OVER THE UNITED STATES. AND --

3. TWO FACTORS TENDED TO BRING SOME OF IT DOWN RATHER QUICKLY IN THE PARTICULAR STATES WHICH REPORTED SHARP INCREASES IN GROUND LEVEL RADIOACTIVITY OVER THE WEEKEND.

ONE FACTOR WAS THE PASSAGE OF THE POLAR AIR OVER THE "ROUGH TERRAIN" OF THE APPALACHIAN MOUNTAINS -- CAUSING ATMOSPHERIC TURBULENCE THAT COULD RESULT IN A KIND OF DOWN-DRAFT OF FALLOUT IN AREAS IN AND EAST OF THE APPALACHIANS.

THIS MIGHT ACCOUNT, MACHTA SAID, FOR INCREASES IN RADIOACTIVITY NOTED IN HARTFORD, CONN.; GASTONIA, N.C.; THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA; BALTIMORE; LAWRENCE, MASS.; TRENTON, N.J.; ALBANY, N.Y.; HARRISBURG, PA.; PROVIDENCE, R.I.; COLUMBIA, S.C.; AND RICHMOND, VA.

THE OTHER FACTOR, HE SPECULATED, WAS THE PASSAGE OF THE COLD POLAR AIR MASS OVER THE STILL-WARM GREAT LAKES -- CREATING A DOWN-DRAFT TURBULENCE WHICH MIGHT ACCOUNT FOR THE FACT THAT INCREASED RADIOACTIVITY WAS NOTED OVER THE WEEKEND AT INDIANAPOLIS AND AT LANSING, MICH.

IN LISTING RISES IN ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION NOTED IN ALL THE 13 COMMUNITIES BETWEEN SEPT. 11 AND SEPT. 17, INCLUSIVE, SECRETARY RIBICOFF SAID:

"ALTHOUGH SUBJECT TO LABORATORY CONFIRMATION, THE SIZE AND PATTERN OF THESE FIELD ESTIMATES UNQUESTIONABLY REPRESENT FALLOUT FROM THE CURRENT SERIES OF RUSSIAN ATMOSPHERIC NUCLEAR TESTS, PRESUMABLY THE MULTI-MEGATON BURSTS THAT HAVE BEEN REPORTED."

"... I AM ASSURED BY THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE THAT UNLESS RADIATION LEVELS OF THIS RANGE ARE SUSTAINED OVER A LONG PERIOD OF TIME, THEY DO NOT POSE A PUBLIC HEALTH HAZARD."

A HEALTH SERVICE SPOKESMAN TOLD A REPORTER THAT WHILE THIS LAST SENTENCE OF RIBICOFF'S STATEMENT WAS WORDED NEGATIVELY IT OBVIOUSLY CARRIES THE MEANING THAT IF THE LEVEL IS MAINTAINED IT WILL BE DANGEROUS ON A CUMULATIVE BASIS.

THE HEALTH SERVICE DECLINED TO DEFINE WHAT IT MEANS BY "A LONG PERIOD OF TIME", SAYING THERE ARE TOO MANY VARIABLE FACTORS TO PERMIT AN ESTIMATE.

OFFICIALS AT ALBANY, N.Y., CHALLENGED THE FIGURES FOR RADIOACTIVITY AT THAT CITY, CLAIMING THEY WERE TOO HIGH. HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS DECLINED TO COMMENT ON THESE CLAIMS.

30.24-1709

MEANWHILE, SOME SCIENTISTS SPECULATED THAT RUSSIA MIGHT BE INTENDING TO KEEP UP HER PRESENT SERIES OF TESTS -- ALL OF THEM IN THE ATMOSPHERE SO FAR -- UNTIL THE ATMOSPHERE WOULD BE SATURATED WITH RADIOACTIVE DEBRIS, BUT JUST SHORT OF A UNQUESTIONABLE HEALTH-HAZARD POINT. THESE SCIENTISTS SPECULATE THAT THIS MIGHT BE A RUSSIAN MOVE TO PREVENT THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER NATION FROM CONDUCTING TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, LEST THEY ENDANGER PEOPLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

JA400PD

A96 (360) AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS

BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH
(ADVANCE) BERLIN, SEPT. 18 (AP)—THE MAN STOOD IN A DOORWAY, SHELTERING FROM THE RAIN.

"THIS IS MADNESS," HE SAID, POINTING AT THE WALL. "SHEER MADNESS." A FEW YARDS AWAY, A GROUP OF GREEN-UNIFORMED PEOPLE'S POLICEMEN WATCHED HIM OVER THEIR CONCRETE WALL.

"MAYBE THEY WILL ALLOW MY MOTHER TO COME UP TO THE WALL AND TALK TO ME FOR 10 MINUTES. SHE IS 82. I SENT HER AN URGENT TELEGRAM BECAUSE MY SISTER DIED. I TOLD HER TO COME TO THE WALL AT HARZERSTRASSE AT 6 O'CLOCK."

THE MAN REFUSED TO GIVE HIS NAME BECAUSE HIS WHOLE FAMILY LIVES BEHIND THE CONCRETE CURTAIN IN EAST BERLIN. HE ALONE IS FREE. HE HAD JUST BEEN TO HIS SISTER'S FUNERAL AT A WEST BERLIN CEMETERY. HE WAS THE ONLY MOURNER.

"OF COURSE MY FAMILY COULD NOT COME OVER FOR THE FUNERAL," HE SAID, SPEAKING AS THOUGH THEY LIVED ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE EARTH.

"BUT AT LEAST THEY MIGHT LET ME HAVE JUST 10 MINUTES TO TALK WITH MY MOTHER."

"TO TELL YOU THE TRUTH, I DON'T HAVE TOO MUCH HOPE. BUT I PROMISED TO COME, AND YOU NEVER KNOW. IN THIS MADNESS ANYTHING IS POSSIBLE."

THE WALL AT HARZERSTRASSE RUNS CLEAR ACROSS THE STREET. THERE ARE DOZENS OF SIMILAR AMPUTATED STREETS WHERE THE BOUNDARY ZIG-ZAGS ACROSS THE CITY FROM NORTH TO SOUTH. A NEW SIGN AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH STREET SAYS "DEAD END."

THE WALL IS JUST LOW ENOUGH FOR A TALL MAN TO PEER ACROSS THE TOP. IT IS ROUGHLY BUILT OF CONCRETE SLABS, PREFABRICATED ORIGINALLY FOR THE COMMUNIST HOUSING PROGRAM. PROBABLY MANY EAST BERLINERS WILL GO WITHOUT HOMES FOR A GOOD WHILE LONGER BECAUSE THEIR COMMUNIST MASTERS DECIDED TO BUILD A WALL INSTEAD OF HOUSES.

THE PEOPLE'S POLICE ARE MOSTLY YOUTHS IN THEIR TEENS, INDOCTRINATED IN THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM SINCE CHILDHOOD. MOST OF THEM NEVER SEEM TO QUESTION THE STRANGE FACT THAT HAS CUT THE CITY IN TWO.

THOSE POLICE WHO DO QUESTION IT SOMETIMES MAKE A SUDDEN BREAK FOR FREEDOM. AS THEY ARE THE ONLY EAST BERLINERS ALLOWED NEAR THE WALL, ESCAPE FOR THEM IS RELATIVELY EASY. SOMETIMES THEY MAKE SIGNS TO WEST BERLIN POLICE TO BE READY TO HUSTLE THEM QUICKLY OUT OF SIGHT.

COMMUNIST POLICE APPARENTLY HAVE ORDERS TO SHOOT TO KILL REFUGEES. THE UNITS HAVE BEEN DELIBERATELY SHUFFLED, SO THAT NO MAN KNOWS MANY OTHERS IN HIS PATROL.

THEY ARE TOUGH, SURLY, AND NOT GIVEN TO SENTIMENT.

AS NIGHT FELL, THE MAN STILL STOOD IN THE DOORWAY, VAINLY PEERING OVER THE WALL FOR SOME SIGN OF HIS AGED MOTHER.

IT WAS STILL RAINING.

END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS MOVED SEPT.16

P903AED

1125 (250)

BERLIN, SEPT. 18 (AP)-EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST RULERS ANNOUNCED

TODAY THEY ARE COMING OUT WITH A NEW "LAW FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC." THEY GAVE NO DETAILS BUT THE

ANNOUNCEMENT INDUCED SPECULATION THAT THE COMMUNISTS ARE PLANNING

TO INTRODUCE MILITARY CONSCRIPTION IN EAST GERMANY. THEY HAVE BEEN

CAMPAGNING INTENSIVELY IN RECENT WEEKS FOR VOLUNTEERS FOR THE ARMY

AND POLICE.

INFORMATION BUREAU WEST, AN UNOFFICIAL WEST BERLIN INTELLIGENCE

AGENCY, PREDICTED THE DRAFT LAW WOULD BE PROCLAIMED WEDNESDAY. THE

PEOPLE'S CHAMBER, EAST GERMANY'S SOVIET-STYLE PARLIAMENT, HAS BEEN

CALLED TO MEET THAT DAY.

LAST THURSDAY NEUES DEUTSCHLAND, THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST DAILY,

SAID IN A FRONT-PAGE EDITORIAL:

"OUR REPUBLIC MUST COMBINE ITS STRAIGHT-LINE POLICY OF PEACE WITH

SUCH A STRENGTHENING OF ITS DEFENSIVE POWER AS TO COOL THE COURAGE

OF AGGRESSIVE CIRCLES."

TODAY'S ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE IN A STATEMENT ON TODAY'S MEETING OF

THE STATE COUNCIL, HEADED BY COMMUNIST LEADER WALTER ULBRICHT. IT

SAID ONLY:

"THE STATE COUNCIL DISCUSSED THE DRAFT OF THE LAW FOR THE DEFENSE

OF THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC AND DECIDED TO SEND IT ON TO THE

PEOPLE'S CHAMBER FOR DISCUSSION AND DECISION."

NO OPPOSITION IS ALLOWED IN THE PEOPLE'S CHAMBER.

THE COMMUNIST ACTION TO CLOSE THE BORDER BETWEEN EAST AND WEST

BERLIN WAS TAKEN AFTER THE LAST MEETING OF THE PEOPLE'S CHAMBER.

COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES TODAY TOLD EAST BERLINERS WHO USED TO WORK

IN WEST BERLIN TO TAKE NEW JOBS IN RED INDUSTRY OR FACE DEPORTATION

TO THE PROVINCES.

AN ESTIMATED 80,000 RESIDENTS OF EAST BERLIN AND ITS

SUBURBS USED TO WORK IN WEST BERLIN. THEY HAD TO QUIT WHEN THE

COMMUNISTS THREW UP THEIR BARRIER BETWEEN THE TWO PARTS OF THE

CITY ON AUG. 13.

TODAY THE GOVERNMENT OF EAST BERLIN PUBLISHED A NOTICE

THAT FORMER COMMUNISTS COULD TAKE NEW JOBS ONLY WITH THE CONSENT OF

THE OFFICIAL LABOR OFFICE. THOSE WHO DO NOT HAVE JOBS YET WERE ORDERED

TO REPORT TO LOCAL BRANCHES OF THE LABOR OFFICE.

THOSE WHO DO NOT REPORT, THE NOTICE SAID, WILL BE SUBJECT

TO THE LATEST DECREE EMPowering THE RED POLICE TO ASSIGN PLACES OF

RESIDENCE TO PEOPLE THEY FIND SUSPICIOUS.

DA833AED

BS9WX (C)

(120) COMMUNICATIONS DAMAGE

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE HOUSE PASSED AND SENT TO THE PRESIDENT

TODAY A BILL TO STRENGTHEN LAWS AGAINST MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF COMMU-

NICATIONS FACILITIES THAT MAY BE USED FOR DEFENSE PURPOSES.

THE BILL GOT ADDED IMPETUS THIS YEAR WHEN TWO MEN WHO SAID THEY WERE

FROM A RIGHT WING GROUP WHICH THEY CALLED THE AMERICAN REPUBLICAN ARMY

BLEW UP THREE ISOLATED TELEPHONE MICROWAVE RELAY TOWERS IN UTAH AND

NEVADA ON MAY 28.

THE TOWERS WERE PART OF THE AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

SYSTEM. PRESENT ANTI-SABOTAGE LAWS WOULD NOT APPLY TO THE TOWERS

BECAUSE THEY ARE NOT OWNED AND OPERATED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

THE BILL PASSED TODAY WOULD INCLUDE SUCH TOWERS BECAUSE THE GOVERN-

MENT WOULD USE AT LEAST LINES FOR DEFENSE PURPOSES IN EMERGENCY.

IT INCREASES THE PENALTY FROM THREE YEARS IMPRISONMENT AND A \$1,000

FINE TO 10 YEARS AND \$10,000.

JA437PED

BS3CX (EGG)

(130)

CHICAGO, SEPT. 18 (AP)-ROBERT W. WELCH, FOUNDER OF THE ULTRA

CONSERVATIVE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY, YESTERDAY DESCRIBED DEMOCRACY AS

"MOB RULE," AND "THE WORST FORM OF GOVERNMENT THERE IS."

HE MADE THE STATEMENTS IN AN ADDRESS TO THE SEVENTH ANNUAL CON-

STITUTION DAY CONVENTION OF WE, THE PEOPLE!, A CONSERVATIVE POLITICAL

ACTION AND ANTI-COMMUNIST GROUP.

WELCH TOLD HIS AUDIENCE OF 500: "OUR FOUNDING FATHERS KNEW WHAT

DEMOCRACY WAS AND THEY DIDN'T WANT IT."

HE CONTENDED THAT THIS COUNTRY HAD BEEN GOVERNED BY A REPUBLICAN

FORM OF GOVERNMENT UNTIL THE ADMINISTRATION OF WOODROW WILSON, WHEN IT

SHIFTED TO A DEMOCRACY.

"A REPUBLIC," HE SAID, "IS RULE BY LAW; A DEMOCRACY IS RULE BY THE

MDB. "A REPUBLIC," HE SAID, "IS RULE BY LAW; A DEMOCRACY IS RULE BY THE

THREE TOP OFFICERS WERE RE-ELECTED AT THE CONVENTION'S CLOSING

SESSION. THEY ARE DR. BILLY JAMES HARGIS OF TULSA, OKLA., PRESIDENT;

THOMAS E. O'CONNOR OF CHICAGO TREASURER; AND HARRY T. EVERINGHAM OF

EC654ACD NM

BS6 C

(120)

TOKYO, SEPT. 18 (AP)-TWO HUNDRED LAWYERS FROM 19 PACIFIC

COUNTRIES OPENED A THREE-DAY MEETING TODAY TO STUDY WAYS TO ACHIEVE

WORLD PEACE THROUGH THE RULE OF LAW.

PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA WELCOMED DELEGATES TO THE CONFERENCE

SPONSORED BY THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION, JAPAN FEDERATION OF BAR

ASSOCIATIONS AND THE JAPAN BAR ASSOCIATION.

CALLED THE "ASIAN CONFERENCE ON WORLD PEACE THROUGH THE RULE OF

LAW." THIS IS THE SECOND OF FOUR CONTINENTAL MEETINGS TO PREPARE FOR

A WORLD CONFERENCE OF LAWYERS TO BE HELD IN LATE 1962. THE FIRST

WAS HELD IN JUNE IN SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA.

THE CONFERENCE WILL CONSIDER MEANS BY WHICH THE LAWYERS OF THE

WORLD CAN EXERT LEADERSHIP IN ESTABLISHING THE RULE OF LAW AS THE

BASIS FOR RESOLVING INTERNATIONAL CONTROVERSIES BETWEEN NATIONS

AND INDIVIDUALS.

REPRESENTED ARE: AFGHANISTAN, AUSTRALIA, BURMA, CAMBODIA,

CAYMAN, NATIONALIST CHINA, INDIA, INDONESIA, IRAN, JAPAN, SOUTH

KOREA, LAOS, MALAYA, NEW ZEALAND, PAKISTAN, THE PHILIPPINES, THAILAND,

SOUTH VIET NAM AND NEPAL.

ED1014AED

CONFERENCE

PORTLAND, ORE., SEPT. 18 (AP)-THE BALANCE OF POWER IN THE FAR

EAST MAY DEPEND ON THE ABILITY OF JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES TO

SETTLE THEIR TRADE DIFFERENCES, SPEAKERS FROM BOTH SIDES OF THE

PACIFIC SAID TODAY.

JAPANESE AMBASSADOR KOICHIRO ASAKAI PICTURES JAPAN AS A FREE

WORLD BULWARK, BUT SAID THE COUNTRY MIGHT BE PUSHED TOWARD THE SINO-

SOVIET BLOC UNLESS ALLOWED TO GROW THROUGH FOREIGN TRADE.

"WE DO NOT ASK FOR YOUR ECONOMIC AID. ALL WE NEED IS A FAIR

OPPORTUNITY TO TRADE WITH THE FREE COUNTRIES, PARTICULARLY THE

UNITED STATES." HE TOLD 200 DELEGATES AT THE SIXTH JAPAN-AMERICAN

CONFERENCE OF MAYORS AND CHAMBER OF COMMERCE PRESIDENTS.

WALTER P. MCCONAUGHY, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE AND FAR EAST

SPECIALIST, AGREED JAPAN NEEDS "A REASONABLE SHARE OF THE AMERICAN

MARKET." BUT SAID JAPAN IN TURN MUST OPEN ITS DOORS TO AMERICAN

PRODUCTS.

MCCONAUGHY SAID THE FIRST MEETING OF THE JOINT UNITED STATES-

JAPAN COMMITTEE OF TRADE AND ECONOMIC AFFAIRS, SCHEDULED FOR TOKYO

NEXT NOVEMBER, WILL BE MOST IMPORTANT TO THE TWO COUNTRIES.

30.24- 1711

THIS IS A CABINET-LEVEL BODY THAT GREW OUT OF THE RECENT TALKS BETWEEN PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY AND PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA. THE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR STRESSED WHAT HE SAID WAS JAPAN'S IMPORTANCE TO THE WESTERN WORLD.

"JAPAN IS THE ONLY NATION IN EAST ASIA WHICH IS THEORETICALLY CAPABLE OF DEVELOPING SUFFICIENT POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC, IF NOT MILITARY, POWER, TO SERVE AS A COUNTER-BALANCE TO COMMUNISM IN ASIA," HE SAID.

MCCONAUGHY AGREED. HE CALLED JAPAN "ONE OF THE FOUR LEADING INDUSTRIAL COMPLEXES OF THE WORLD" AND REMARKED:

"I NOT WITH GREAT SATISFACTION THAT THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT HAS RECENTLY EMBARKED UPON A 10-YEAR ECONOMIC PLAN TO DOUBLE THE NATIONAL INCOME, AND THUS TOO RAISE THE LIVING STANDARDS OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE TO A LEVEL AMONG THE VERY HIGHEST IN THE WORLD.

"I CANNOT STRESS EMPHATICALLY ENOUGH THE TREMENDOUS SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PLAN, NOT ONLY BECAUSE WHATEVER AFFECTS THE ECONOMIC HEALTH OF ONE OF OUR BEST CUSTOMERS WILL SOONER OR LATER AFFECT OUR OWN, BUT ALSO BECAUSE OF THE EXAMPLE WHICH WILL BE SET FOR LESS-DEVELOPED NATIONS TO FOLLOW."

THE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR EXPRESSED SOME WORRY OVER U. S. TRADE POLICY.

"IT IS A MATTER OF DEEP CONCERN TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE TO NOTE THESE DAYS IN THE UNITED STATES A TREND TOWARD PROTECTIONISM AND ENDEAVOR ON THE PART OF SEGMENTS OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY TO RESTRICT JAPANESE IMPORTS," HE SAID.

MCCONAUGHY SAID THE U. S. GOVERNMENT WILL GIVE CONSIDERATION TO "THE PROTECTIVE POLICY MANY OF OUR MANUFACTURERS WANT," BUT ADDED:

"IT IS MY CONVICTION THAT WE ARE GOING TO ADHERE TO A LIBERAL FOREIGN TRADE POLICY."

THE TALKS CAME AT THE OPENING OF THE FOUR-DAY CONFERENCE. THERE WILL BE PANEL DISCUSSIONS TOMORROW ON SUCH TOPICS AS PORT OPERATIONS, URBAN PLANNING AND TOURIST PROMOTION ON BOTH SIDES OF THE PACIFIC.

THE CONFERENCE IS ATTENDED BY MORE THAN 80 JAPANESE AND 150 AMERICAN OFFICIALS.

GC830PCS NM

A122

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, SEPT. 18 (AP)-DEPUTY PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER PAUL-HENRI SPAAK FLEW TODAY TO MOSCOW FOR TALKS WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV. WELL-INFORMED SOURCES CLOSE TO THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID SPAAK HAD WITH HIM A PEACE PLAN TO SUBMIT TO KHRUSHCHEV, BUT THE FOREIGN MINISTRY DENIED IT.

JS11AED